COMMERCIAL NHD

18056 WIKA RD, APPLE VALLEY, CA 92307
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY | APN: 0473-462-09-0000
REPORT #: 3804322 | REPORT DATE: 11/16/2021

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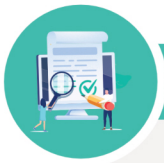
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FORMS

View Forms

View, read, & print forms



QUICKVIEW

Read complete disclosure report summary



FLOOD

View Results

4 source(s) analyzed

2 Federal / 1 State / 1 Local



OIL & GAS

View Results

3 source(s) analyzed

1 Federal / 2 State / 0 Local



FIRE

View Results

7 source(s) analyzed

1 Federal / 6 State / 0 Local



NOISE

View Results

3 source(s) analyzed

1 Federal / 1 State / 1 Local



SEISMIC

View Results

8 source(s) analyzed

1 Federal / 5 State / 2 Local



LAND USE

View Results

11 source(s) analyzed

5 Federal / 4 State / 2 Local



GEOLOGIC

View Results

6 source(s) analyzed

2 Federal / 2 State / 2 Local



ENVIRONMENTAL* View Results

1 source(s) analyzed

0 Federal / 1 State / 0 Local

*The Complete Environmental Report is NOT included with this order. To add, contact MAX@PROPERTYID.COM.



Property Tax Records View

Future Tax Estimator (click to calculate)



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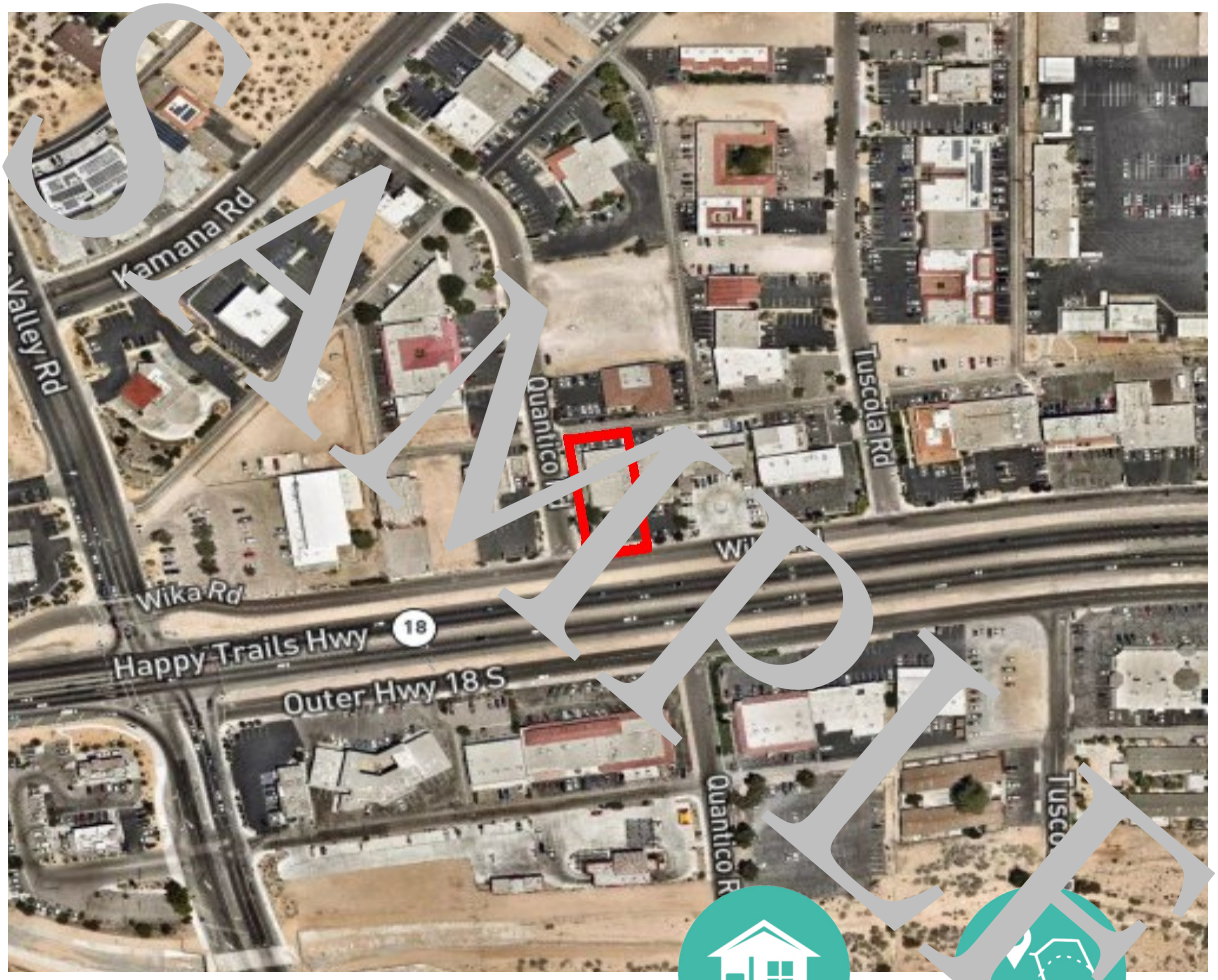
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PROPERTY ID MAX

MAX Commercial NHD



SAMPLE

18056 WIKA RD

APPLE VALLEY, CA 92307

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

REPORT #: 3804322

ORDER DATE: 11/16/2021

RESEARCH DATE: 11/10/2022

My Home

My Maps

Have Questions? We have answers.
Chat with Sami here.

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NATURAL HAZARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

18056 WIKA RD, APPLE VALLEY, CA 92307
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY | APN: 0473-462-09-0000
REPORT #: 3804322 | REPORT DATE: 11/16/2021

This statement applies to the following property: 18056 WIKA RD APPLE VALLEY, CA 92307; SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY; APN: 0473-462-09-0000 Date: 11/10/2022

This disclosure statement is intended to be a part of the
☐ AIR STANDARD OFFER AGREEMENT AND ESCROW INSTRUCTIONS FOR PURCHASE OF REAL ESTATE or

☐ _____ (the "Purchase Agreement") dated _____,

wherein _____ is the Seller and _____ is the Buyer.

Note: This disclosure statement is not designed nor intended to be used in place of the AIR standard Property Information Sheet.

THIS REAL PROPERTY LIES WITHIN THE FOLLOWING HAZARDOUS AREA(S):

A SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA (Any type Zone "A" or "V") designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. Refer to Report.
Yes __ No _X_ Do not know and information not available from local jurisdiction ___

AN AREA OF POTENTIAL FLOODING SHOWN ON A DAM FAILURE INUNDATION MAP pursuant to Section 8589.5 of the Government Code. Refer to Report.
Yes ___ No _X__ Do not know and information not available from local jurisdiction ___

A VERY HIGH FIRE HAZARD SEVERITY ZONE pursuant to Section 51178 or 51179 of the Government Code. The owner of this property is subject to the maintenance requirements of Section 51182 of the Government Code. Refer to Report.
Yes ___ No _X__

A WILDLAND AREA THAT MAY CONTAIN SUBSTANTIAL FOREST FIRE RISKS AND HAZARDS pursuant to Section 4125 of the Public Resources Code. The owner of this property is subject to the maintenance requirements of Section 4291 of the Public Resources Code. Additionally, it is not the state's responsibility to provide fire protection services to any building or structure located within the wildlands unless the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection has entered into a cooperative agreement with a local agency for those purposes pursuant to Section 4142 of the Public Resources Code. Refer to Report.
Yes ___ No _X__

AN EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONE pursuant to Section 2622 of the Public Resources Code. Refer to Report.
Yes ___ No _X__

A SEISMIC HAZARD ZONE pursuant to Section 2696 of the Public Resources Code. Refer to Report.
Yes (Landslide Zone) ___ Yes (Liquefaction Zone) ___ No ___ Map not yet released by state _X__

The items listed below indicate additional statutory disclosures and legal information that are provided in the report.

- Additional Reports that are enclosed herein if ordered:
  (A) ENVIRONMENTAL RISK REPORT (Enclosed if ordered)
- Additional Statutory Disclosures:
  (A) INDUSTRIAL USE ZONE DETERMINATION (where available) (B) MILITARY ORDNANCE FACILITIES pursuant to California Civil Code Sections 1102.15 and 1940.7. (C) MELLO-ROOS & SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS pursuant to Section 53311-53365.7 / 53754 of the California Government Code; Refer to Report.
- Additional Local Jurisdiction Hazards - May include the following:
  Airports, Airport Influence Area, Avalanche, Coastal Protection, Conservation Areas, Critical Habitats, Dam Failure Inundation, Duct Sealing Requirements, Erosion, Fault Zone, Fire, Groundwater, Sea Level Rise, Landslide, Liquefaction, Methane Gas, Mines, Naturally Occurring Asbestos, Oil and Gas Well Proximity, Petrochemical Contamination, Property Taxes, Radon, Right to Farm, Soil Stability, Tsunami, Williamson Act, Wind Erosion. Refer to Report.
- General Notices:
  Methamphetamine Contamination, Megan's Law – Sex Offender Database, Mold, Abandoned Wells. Carbon Monoxide Devices, Natural Gas and Hazardous Liquid Pipelines, Water Conserving Plumbing Fixtures, Notice of Supplemental Property Tax Bill, AB 38 Notice, CALFIRE Defensible Space, CALFIRE Low Cost Retrofit List, SGMA Groundwater Basin Priority, Historical Significance Notice. Refer to Report.
- Governmental Guides are delivered with printed reports and linked on electronically delivered reports (also available at https://propertyid.com/downloads)
  (A) COMMERCIAL PROPERTY OWNER'S GUIDE TO EARTHQUAKE SAFETY pursuant to California Business and Professions Code Section 10147. Refer to Report.

The above disclosure statement, legal, and government information do not substitute any inspections or warranties the principal(s) may wish to obtain. No representation or recommendation is made by any broker as to the legal sufficiency, legal effect, or consequences of this document, or the purchase agreement to which it relates. The representations made in this Natural Hazard Disclosure Statement do not constitute all of the seller's or agent's disclosure obligations in this transaction.

This Report contains the Mandatory Commercial Natural Hazard Disclosure Report. The Environmental Risk Report is only enclosed if it has been ordered. To order the Environmental Risk Report, please contact Property I.D. Customer Service at 800-626-0106.

Signature of Seller(s) _____ Date_____
Print Name _____

Signature of Seller(s) _____ Date_____
Print Name _____

Signature of Buyer(s) _____ Date_____
Print Name _____

Signature of Buyer(s) _____ Date_____
Print Name _____

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FLOOD

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Flood Zone	Federal	NOT IN	10
Dam Inundation	State	NOT IN	12
Dam Inundation	County	NOT IN	12
Reservoir Proximity	Federal	NOT IN	13

FIRE

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone	State	NOT IN	14
Fire Hazard Severity Zone Risk Rating	State	IN LOW	15
Wildland Fire Area (SRA)	State	NOT IN	16
Defensible Space Flyer	State	INCLUDED	17
Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Hazard	Federal	NOT IN, BUT WITHIN 300 FEET,	17
Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Hazard	State	NOT IN	17
Utility Fire Threat	State	NOT IN	18
Tree Mortality Fire Threat	State	NOT IN	18
City of Apple Valley Hazard Abatement Program	City	INCLUDED	19
Assembly Bill 38 Notice	State	INCLUDED	20
CALFIRE Low Cost Retrofit List	State	INCLUDED	21

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SEISMIC

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone	State	NOT IN	22
Faults	Federal	NOT WITHIN ¼ MILE	23
Faults	State	NOT WITHIN ¼ MILE	23
Faults	County	NOT WITHIN ¼ MILE	23
Ground Shaking	State	IN VERY STRONG	24
Liquefaction	State	NOT IN	25
Liquefaction	State	IN	25
Liquefaction	County	IN	25

GEOLOGIC

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Landslide Hazard Zones	State	NOT IN	26
Landslides	County	IN	26
Expansive Soils	Federal	IN UNMAPPED AREA	28
Subsidence	Federal	NOT IN	28
Wind Erosion	Regional	IN HIGH	29
Naturally Occuring Asbestos	State	NOT IN	30

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OIL & GAS

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Oil and Gas Wells	State	NOT WITHIN 500FT	31
Oil and Gas Field Administrative Boundary	State	NOT WITHIN	31
Natural Gas Storage Facilities	Federal	NOT WITHIN 2 MILES	32

NOISE

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Airport Influence Area	County	NOT IN	33
Airport Vicinity	Federal	WITHIN 2 MILES	33
Railroads	State	NOT WITHIN 1/4 MILE	35

LAND USE

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Mining Operations	State	NOT WITHIN 1 MILE	36
Abandoned Mining Operations	State	WITHIN 1 MILE	36
Mine Sites	Federal	NOT WITHIN ¼ MILE	36
Former Military Facilities (FUDS)	Federal	NOT WITHIN ONE MILE	38
Military Facilities	Federal	NOT WITHIN 1 MILE	38
Industrial / Commercial Use	Regional	IN	40
Historical Significance Notice	State	INCLUDED	41

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LAND USE

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Critical Habitats	Federal	NOT IN	42
Protected Species / Habitats	Federal	IN LOW	42
Protected Species / Habitats	State	NOT IN	42
Right to Farm	State	IN	44
Williamson Act Land Conservation Program	County	NOT IN	45

ENVIRONMENTAL

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Groundwater Management Basins	State	IN VERY LOW PRIORITY	51

GENERAL NOTICES OF REQUIRED DISCLOSURES & FORMS

NOTICE		PAGE
Building Energy Use Benchmarking and Public Disclosure Program	INCLUDED	52
Methamphetamine & Fentanyl Disclosure Requirement	INCLUDED	53
Megan's Law - Sex Offender Database	INCLUDED	53
Mold Notice	INCLUDED	53
Abandoned Wells	INCLUDED	54
Radon Notice	INCLUDED	54
Well Stimulation Treatments Notice: Hydraulic Fracturing	INCLUDED	55

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GENERAL NOTICES OF REQUIRED DISCLOSURES & FORMS

NOTICE		PAGE
Carbon Monoxide Devices	INCLUDED	55
Natural Gas and Hazardous Liquid Pipelines	INCLUDED	56
Water Conserving Plumbing Fixtures	INCLUDED	56
Notice of Duct Sealing Requirements	INCLUDED	57
Notice of Assembly Bill 1482: Tenant Protection Act of 2019	INCLUDED	57
California Waterway Setback Requirements	INCLUDED	58

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PROPERTY TAX RECORDS

The following Total Annual Tax amount represents the annual property taxes based on the levies and property valuation as listed in the assessor's tax records as of the beginning of the identified tax year. This amount is subject to change pursuant to the purchase price of the property and/or changes to the assessed value, and does not include supplemental tax bills or penalty fees.

At the variable tax rate of 1.221500%	$9,642.36 2022-2023Property Tax Bill Total
Mello-Roos Total	0.00
Direct Charge (Special Asmt/1915) Total	$278.56
Variable (Ad Valorem) Tax Total:	$9,363.80

Proceed to Property Tax Page

To see an estimate of the future taxes based on purchase price, please click the Property I.D. Future Tax Estimator below.



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FLOOD

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Flood Zone	Federal	NOT IN	10
Dam Inundation	State	NOT IN	12
Dam Inundation	County	NOT IN	12
Reservoir Proximity	Federal	NOT IN	13

FLOOD HAZARD ZONES

NHDS DETERMINATION
A SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA (Any type Zone "A" or "V") designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
Yes __ No _X_ Do not know and information not available from local jurisdiction ___

FEMA FLOOD ZONE

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of the Flood Insurance Rate Maps issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN A SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA (SFHA).

IT IS IN ZONE X (NOT AN SFHA), BUT IS LOCATED WITHIN 300 FEET OF ZONE AE (AN SFHA).

DISCUSSION:
Through its Flood Hazard Mapping Program, FEMA identifies flood hazards, assesses flood risks, and partners with communities to provide flood hazard maps to guide planning and mitigation actions. The National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) relies on FEMA's Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) and documents in determining a property's flood insurance requirements.

FEMA's assessment of flood hazards categorizes geographic zones by their likelihood to flood. Areas with a 1-percent or greater chance of flooding in any given year (i.e. a "100-year floodplain") are considered Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHA). Properties found to be in an SFHA may be subject to Federal flood insurance requirements. Federally regulated lenders are required by law to determine if the structure is located in a SFHA and must provide the buyer with written notice that flood insurance will be required. For more information on FEMA's flood mapping and National Flood insurance Program (NFIP) go to www.floodsmart.gov.

You can also contact the FEMA Flood Map Service Center at (877) 336-2627, or by email at FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com.

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A FEMA Standard Flood Hazard Determination Form (SFHDF) for this property has been included with this report. The SFHDF identifies whether a structure is located in a special flood hazard area, if the borrower is required to obtain flood insurance, and if federal flood insurance is available. Click Here to View

FEMA FLOOD ZONE DESIGNATIONS

A, AE, AH, AO, AR, A1-A30, A99	Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA): Areas of 100-Year flood
V, V1-V30, VE	Coastal SFHA: Areas of 100-Year coastal flood
ACC, ACB, AEC*, AC*	Contained Flooding: Areas where flooding is contained by a flood control measures such as a channel (ACC) or basin(ACB). Not an SFHA. While a property may be impacted by an AC* zone, structures on that property will not be impacted. (* represents a wildcard character)
XPL, X500PL	Protected Areas: Areas protected from 100-year flood by levee, dike, or other structure. Not an SFHA.
B, C, X, X500	Non-SFHA: Areas outside of 100-year floodplain or of undetermined flood hazards. Not an SFHA.
D	Not Studied: Areas where no analysis of flood hazards has been conducted, flood hazards are undetermined but possible. Not an SFHA.

Multiple Flood Zones Note: Property I.D.'s research is done for the entire lot. Flood hazard zones do not follow property boundaries, therefore it is possible for your property to be located in more than one zone. In these cases, the report will reflect multiple flood zones. Federally mandated flood insurance is required if any portion of the structure(s) is in a special flood hazard area. To determine your property's flood insurance requirements, please check with your lender or insurance agent.

LOCAL FLOOD PROTECTION PLANNING

For land use planning, some cities and counties have developed and implemented plans to meet the urban level of flood protection, taking into account localized understanding of risk and issues facing local flood protection systems, and defining local flood hazard areas. Updated construction and development regulations may be implemented, potentially affecting project scope, and requiring greater consideration of potential flood hazards, outside of the federally mapped special flood hazard areas. Please check with your local planning department for further information.

Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012 (BW-12)

The Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012 (BW-12) as modified by the Homeowner Flood Insurance Affordability Act of 2014 may cause flood insurance premium rates to increase. Homeowners and business owners are encouraged to learn their flood risk and talk to their insurance agent regarding flood insurance. Insurance companies may require an elevation certificate to offer flood insurance for properties located in Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHA). A property's seller, builder or developer may have a copy of the elevation certificate, or it may be recorded with a property's deed. The Community Floodplain Manager at the local city or county government office may also have a copy of the elevation certificate. If an elevation certificate is not available, one can be completed with an on-site inspection by a land surveyor, engineer, or architect legally authorized to certify elevation information. For further information on BW-12, go to:

http://www.fema.gov/media-library-data/20130726-1912-25045-9380/bw12_qa_04_2013.pdf

For further information on Elevation Certificates, see:

https://propertyid.com/content/pdf/FEMA_ElevationCertificateFactSheet_Apr2015.pdf

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DAM FAILURE INUNDATION

NHDS DETERMINATION

AN AREA OF POTENTIAL FLOODING SHOWN ON A DAM FAILURE INUNDATION MAP pursuant to Section 8589.5 of the Government Code.

Yes ___ No _X__ Do not know and information not available from local jurisdiction ___

NOTE: Due to local dam inundation determination, the NHDS may be marked "Yes" for potential flooding, in contrast with the OES determination.

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or information from the Department of Water Resources, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN A DESIGNATED DAM INUNDATION AREA

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data for San Bernardino County, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN A DAM INUNDATION AREA

DISCUSSION:

Dam inundation refers to the area(s) downstream of dams that would flood in the event of a dam failure (breach), or an uncontrolled release of water. Dam failures may be structural, mechanical, or hydraulic in nature, and the flooding, damage, and potential for loss of life caused by said failures, can be much greater than that of a traditional flood from a body of water such as a stream, river, or lake. While the inundation maps outline the extent of damage to life and property that would occur in a worst case scenario, like a complete and sudden dam failure at full capacity, the likelihood of such an event is not disclosed in this report.

In response to Dam Failure Hazards in California, SB 92 and Section 8589.5 of the California Government Code, require dam owners to submit inundation maps to the Department of Water Resources for approval, which will then be used in creation and submittal of Emergency Action Plans to the California Office of Emergency Services. Updated plans and inundation maps must be submitted every 10 years, or sooner under certain conditions.

For more information, please visit the California Department of Water Resources Division of Safety of Dams website at https://www.water.ca.gov/Programs/All-Programs/Division-of-Safety-of-Dams.

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DAM FAILURE INUNDATION
(continued)

USACE RESERVOIRS

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data from the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN OR ADJACENT TO A USACE RESERVOIR

DISCUSSION:

The USACE operates reservoirs to retain water and delay water runoff. In times of heavy rainfall, storms, and other natural events, reservoirs have the potential to overflow and flood the surrounding lands. Dam inundation hazards may also be present in the area(s) downstream of dams that would flood in the event of a dam failure (breach), or an uncontrolled release of water. Dam failures may be structural, mechanical, or hydraulic in nature, and the flooding, damage, and potential for loss of life caused by said failures, can be much greater than that of a traditional flood from a body of water such as a stream, river, or lake. While the likelihood of such an event is not disclosed in this report, proximity to a reservoir is disclosed here.

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FIRE

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone	State	NOT IN	14
Fire Hazard Severity Zone Risk Rating	State	IN LOW	15
Wildland Fire Area (SRA)	State	NOT IN	16
Defensible Space Flyer	State	INCLUDED	17
Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Hazard	Federal	NOT IN, BUT WITHIN 300 FEET,	17
Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Hazard	State	NOT IN	17
Utility Fire Threat	State	NOT IN	18
Tree Mortality Fire Threat	State	NOT IN	18
City of Apple Valley Hazard Abatement Program	City	INCLUDED	19
Assembly Bill 38 Notice	State	INCLUDED	20
CALFIRE Low Cost Retrofit List	State	INCLUDED	21

FIRE HAZARDS

VERY HIGH FIRE HAZARD SEVERITY ZONE

NHDS DETERMINATION

A VERY HIGH FIRE HAZARD SEVERITY ZONE pursuant to Section 51178 or 51179 of the Government Code. The owner of this property is subject to the maintenance requirements of Section 51182 of the Government Code.

Yes ___ No _X__

NOTE: California Government Code §51179 provides that a local agency may choose to include or exclude areas from the State identified VHFHSZs in order to provide effective fire protection and fire prevention in the local jurisdiction. This provision allows a local agency, at its discretion, to make changes to the boundaries of VHFHSZs that may not be reflected on maps released by the CDF. In these cases, the NHDS may be marked "Yes" for very high fire in contrast with the CDF determination.

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of the current maps and information issued by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection and San Bernardino County, the following determination is made:

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FIRE HAZARDS
(continued)

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN A VERY HIGH FIRE SEVERITY ZONE

DISCUSSION:
In an effort to prepare measures to retard the spread of fires, and reduce the potential intensity of uncontrolled fires that could destroy resources, life, or property, the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection identifies Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones (VHFHSZ). These areas are classified as such based upon fuel loading, slope, fire history, weather, and other relevant factors. For an area designated as a very high fire hazard severity zone (VHFHSZ), vegetation removal or management must be undertaken for fire prevention or suppression purposes. Other measures may be required, such as the maintenance of fire breaks around the property, clearance of brush and other flammable substances, the provision and maintenance of screens on chimneys and stovepipes, and a prescribed fire retardant roof.

Note: California Government Code §51179 provides that a local agency may choose to include or exclude areas from the State identified VHFHSZs in order to provide effective fire protection and fire prevention in the local jurisdiction. This provision allows a local agency, at its discretion, to make changes to the boundaries of VHFHSZs that may not be reflected on maps released by the CDF. For these reasons, the NHDS may be marked “Yes” for very high fire.

FIRE HAZARD SEVERITY ZONE RISK RATING

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of the maps and information from the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN AN AREA WITH A LOW FIRE HAZARD SEVERITY ZONE RISK RATING

DISCUSSION:
Fire hazard severity zone risk ratings can be used to estimate the potential for impacts on areas susceptible to fire. Impacts are more likely to occur and/or be of increased severity for the higher ratings. These fire hazard severity zone risk ratings are modeled based on vegetation fuels, terrain, weather, and fire history, and are broken down into four classes as follows: low, moderate, high, and very high.

The determination above is based on preliminary mapping by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, and is provided in this report as supplemental information where comprehensive fire zone maps have not been released. Buyers are strongly encouraged to consult their local Fire, Emergency Services, and/or Building Departments to determine localized fire risk, building codes, and which, if any, local vegetation management ordinances may apply.

NOTE: This section will reflect changes to local responsibility area maps from the Office of the State Fire Marshal (OSFM) as they are released.

NOTE: The Fire Safety, Home Hardening, & Defensible Space Form is not included in this Report as the subject property is not located in a high or very high fire hazard severity zone, or in the State Responsibility Area, Wildland Fire Zone. The form can be downloaded HERE.

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FIRE HAZARDS
(continued)

WILDLAND FIRE (STATE FIRE RESPONSIBILITY AREA)

NHDS DETERMINATION

A WILDLAND AREA THAT MAY CONTAIN SUBSTANTIAL FOREST FIRE RISKS AND HAZARDS pursuant to Section 4125 of the Public Resources Code. The owner of this property is subject to the maintenance requirements of Section 4291 of the Public Resources Code. Additionally, it is not the state's responsibility to provide fire protection services to any building or structure located within the wildlands unless the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection has entered into a cooperative agreement with a local agency for those purposes pursuant to Section 4142 of the Public Resources Code.

Yes ___ No _X__

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of the current maps issued by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN A STATE FIRE RESPONSIBILITY AREA/WILDLAND THAT MAY CONTAIN SUBSTANTIAL FOREST FIRE RISKS AND HAZARDS

DISCUSSION:

A State Fire Responsibility Area (SRA) is the area where the State of California is financially responsible for the prevention and suppression of wildfires. The SRA does not include lands within incorporated city boundaries or federally owned land.

Pursuant to Assembly Bill X1 29 (ABX1 29), an annual SRA Fire Prevention Benefit Fee is applied to all habitable structures within the SRA. Effective July 1, 2013, the fee was levied at the rate of $152.33 per habitable structure, to be adjusted annually for inflation. This fee funds fire prevention services in the SRA, such as fuel reduction, defensible space inspections, fire prevention engineering, evacuation planning, fire prevention education, fire hazard mapping, implementation of Fire Plans, and fire-related law enforcement activities. Owners of habitable structures that are also within the boundaries of a local fire protection agency may receive a reduction of $35 per habitable structure.

With the passing of Assembly Bill 398 (AB 398), the Fire Prevention Fee has been suspended for the 2017-2018 fiscal year, and will remain suspended through January 1, 2031. For the exact text of AB 398, please visit

https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billNavClient.xhtml?bill_id=201720180AB398.

If you have questions regarding the Fire Prevention Fee program, or your SRA determination, please contact the Board of Forestry and Fire Protection at PublicComments@bof.ca.gov.

Note: If the property is located in a State Fire Responsibility area, Seller shall, within the time specified, disclose this fact in writing to Buyer (Public Resources Code Section 4136). Government regulations may impose building restrictions and requirements that may substantially impact and limit construction and any remodeling or improvement.

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FIRE HAZARDS
(continued)

DEFENSIBLE SPACE



CLICK HERE TO VIEW FLYER

ZONE 1: 30 feet of Lean, Clean & Green	ZONE 2: 30–100 feet of Reduced Fuel	Use Equipment Properly to Keep from Sparking a Wildfire
Remove all dead plants, grass and weeds. **Remove dead or dry leaves and pine needles from your yard, roof and rain gutters.** **Keep tree branches 10 feet away from your chimney and other trees.**	**Cut or mow annual grass down to a maximum height of 4 inches.** **Create a horizontal spacing between shrubs and trees.** **Create vertical spacing between grass, shrubs and trees.**	**Mow before 10 a.m., and never on a hot or windy day. String trimmers are a safer option (vs. lawnmowers) for clearing vegetation.**

Defensible Space is your property's front line defense against wildfire. Creating and maintaining defensible space around your home can dramatically increase your home's chance of surviving a wildfire and improves the safety of firefighters defending your property. 100 feet of defensible space is required by law.

For information on creating defensible space and legal requirements, visit READYFORWILDFIRE.ORG

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WILDLAND-URBAN INTERFACE

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of the current maps and information issued by the United States Forest Service, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN, BUT IS LOCATED WITHIN 300 FEET OF, THE WILDLAND-URBAN INTERFACE

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of the current maps and information issued by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection's Fire Resource and Assessment Program (FRAP), the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN THE WILDLAND-URBAN INTERFACE

DISCUSSION:
The wildland-urban interface (WUI) is the area where structures and other human development meet or intermingle with undeveloped wildland, and is an environment in which fire can move readily between vegetation fuels and structures, increasing the threat to property and human life. As more and more homes are made in woodland settings, they face the very real and growing danger of wildfire. Every year across the country, homes are affected by wildfires. Those that survive the fire almost always do so

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FIRE HAZARDS
(continued)

because their owners had prepared for the eventuality of fire, which is an inescapable force of nature in fire-prone wildland areas. Living in a Wildland-Urban interface zone comes with some added need for understanding of fire dangers, and preparedness methods to protect your home and family.

Wildland Urban Intermix: Areas where structures and wildland vegetation directly intermingle
Wildland Urban Interface: Areas with sparse or no wildland vegetation in close proximity to dense wildland vegetation
Wildfire Influence Zone: Wildland vegetation up to 1.5 miles from Interface or Intermix

For more information on Wildfire protection and preparedness, please visit the following websites from CAL FIRE:
http://www.readyforwildfire.org/

https://osfm.fire.ca.gov/divisions/wildfire-planning-engineering/wildland-hazards-building-codes/

https://fire.ca.gov/programs/communications/defensible-space-prc-4291/

CPUC UTILITY ASSOCIATED FIRE THREAT

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of the current maps issued by the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) and the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN THE CPUC HIGH FIRE-THREAT DISTRICT

DISCUSSION:
The California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) has delineated a High Fire-Threat District (HFTD) designed specifically for the purpose of identifying areas where there is an increased risk for utility associated wildfires. Within the HFTD, revised and strengthened fire safety regulations have been implemented to further protect people and property from the effects of utility associated wildfires, and provide guidance on how to curtail fire threat during periods of extreme fire conditions.

Further information on the regulations, and the HFTD can be found on the CPUC Fire Threat page at https://ia.cpuc.ca.gov/firemap/.

TREE MORTALITY FIRE THREAT

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of the current maps issued by California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN A HIGH HAZARD ZONE

DISCUSSION:
Several consecutive years of drought between 2012 and 2017 in California exacerbated wildfire conditions and precipitated a large outbreak of insects that attacked and killed large areas of conifer and hardwood trees in the Sierra Nevada mountains, and along the coast range in Southern and Northern California. The millions of recently dead trees have created locally increased hazards related to fire and

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FIRE HAZARDS
(continued)

potential falling trees, and greatly impacts public safety and forest health. In addition, the buildup in fuel loadings from higher tree mortality has the potential to increase emissions when wildfires occur.
In response to the expanding areas impacted by elevated tree mortality, Governor Brown declared a State of Emergency on October 30, 2015, and established the California Tree Mortality Task Force (now the Tree Mortality Working Group of the Forest Management Task Force). One goal of the task force was to identify and map areas of tree mortality that pose the greatest potential of harm to people and property. These areas, known as High Hazard Zones, are the areas prioritized for tree removal.
Tier 1 High Hazard Zones: Areas where tree mortality, caused by drought, coincides with critical infrastructure, including but not limited to roads, utilities, and public schools. They represent a direct threat to public safety and identify areas to be prioritized for hazardous tree removal.

Tier 2 High Hazard Zones: Areas defined by: 1) watersheds (HUC12, average 24,000 acres) that have significant tree mortality combined with community and natural resource assets; or 2) the perimeter of any wildland fire since 2012 (the beginning of the drought). Work at the Tier 2 level addresses the immediate threat of falling trees and fire risk, and supports broader forest health and landscape level fire planning issues. They represent areas to be prioritized for hazard mitigation as well as forest health restoration.

For further information on tree mortality fire threat, and the High Hazard Zones, visit FRAP's Tree Mortality page at https://frap.fire.ca.gov/frap-projects/tree-mortality/.

CITY OF APPLE VALLEY HAZARD ABATEMENT PROGRAM

The Apple Valley Fire Protection District maintains a Hazard Abatement Program with the intended goal of reducing potential for wildland fire through creation of defensible space via abatement of combustible vegetation and debris from property throughout the city. Each year, properties are inspected, and any found to have hazardous vegetation or debris will receive a notice to abate. Should abatement of hazardous vegetation or debris not be completed within 30 days, the Fire District may contract abatement with the full cost billed to the property owner.

The following is a partial list of combustible vegetation and debris that could be considered a fire hazard and therefore requested to be abated:

Tumbleweeds (Russian Thistle), Dead trees/tree limbs, Dead plants, Dry grasses over 4” high. Yard clippings, Pine needles, Tree trimmings, Wood or lumber (not stacked as firewood), Tires, and Paper/Cardboard.

For more information, contact the Fire Protection District at (760) 247-7618, via email at hazard@avfpd.org, or visit the following pages:

Hazard Abatement: https://avfpd.org/fire-life-safety/hazard-abatement/

Defensible Space: https://avfpd.org/defensible-space-2/

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NOTICE OF ASSEMBLY BILL 38: FIRE SAFETY, LOW-COST RETROFITS, REGIONAL CAPACITY REVIEW, WILDFIRE MITIGATION

Assembly Bill 38 (Wood) was signed into law by the Governor on October 2, 2019 and will establish a first ever statewide fire retrofit program to help communities and owners of homes in the fire zones (built prior to updated building codes in 2008), to harden their homes and make them more likely to survive future fires.
According to the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CDF), approximately 2 Million residential structures (one in four homes) in California are located in "high" or "very high" fire hazard severity zones. Based on California's recent wildfires and firestorms, the imminent and pressing need for wildfire prevention and minimization strategies in California prompted the passage of this law.

- Effective January 1, 2020, after completing construction, if Seller receives a final inspection report (where that report covers compliance with home hardening laws), Seller must give a copy of that report to Buyer, or information on where Buyer can get a copy of that report.

- Effective January 1, 2021, for homes built before 2010, Seller must give Buyer a written notice that includes language on how to harden a home against fire, and a list of features on the property that make the home vulnerable to wildfires and flying embers. The notice must state: "This home is located in a high or very high fire hazard severity zone and this home was built before the implementation of the Wildfire Urban Interface building codes which help to fire harden a home. To better protect your home from wildfire, you might need to consider improvements. Information on fire hardening, including current building standards and information on minimum annual vegetation management standards to protect homes from wildfires, can be obtained on the internet website http://www.readyforwildfire.org." The list of features on the property that make a home vulnerable to wildfires and flying embers include, but are not limited to: Eave, soffit, and roof ventilation where the vents have openings in excess of one-eighth of an inch or are not flame and ember resistant, Roof coverings made of untreated wood shingles or shakes, Combustible landscaping or other materials within five feet of the home and under the footprint of any attached deck, Single pane or non-tempered glass windows, Loose or missing bird stopping or roof flashing, Rain gutters without metal or noncombustible gutter covers.

- Effective July 1, 2021, in a local jurisdiction that has enacted an ordinance requiring the owner of real property to obtain documentation that the property complies with Public Resources Code § 4291 Law section (ca.gov) or a local vegetation management ordinance, Seller must provide Buyer with the documentation and information on the local agency from which a copy of that documentation may be obtained, and Buyer shall comply with that ordinance.

- Effective July 1, 2021, in a local jurisdiction that has NOT enacted an ordinance requiring the owner of real property to obtain documentation that the property complies with Public Resources Code § 4291 Law section (ca.gov) or a local vegetation management ordinance, but a governmental entity, local agency, or other qualified nonprofit entity does provide inspections with documentation in the jurisdiction in which the property is located, Seller shall provide to Buyer documentation stating that the property (within 6 months preceding the sale) is in compliance with state and/or local vegetation management ordinances. If Seller has not obtained documentation of compliance, Seller and Buyer shall enter into a written agreement pursuant to which Buyer agrees to obtain documentation of compliance with Public Resources Code § 4291 Law section (ca.gov) or a local vegetation management ordinance within one year of the date of the close of escrow.

- Effective July 1, 2025, Seller must provide Buyer with a list of low-cost retrofits to harden a home against fire, and Seller must specify which items on the list Seller has completed.

NOTE: The Fire Safety, Home Hardening, & Defensible Space Form is not included in this Report as the subject property is not located in a high or very high fire hazard severity zone, or in the State Responsibility Area, Wildland Fire Zone. The form can be downloaded HERE.

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Low Cost Retrofit List

Low Cost Ways to Harden Your Home

1. When it is time to replace your roof, replace it with a Class A fire rated roof. OFSM Wildland Urban Interface (WUI) Products
2. Block any spaces between your roof covering and sheathing with noncombustible materials (bird stops).
3. Install a noncombustible gutter cover on gutters to prevent the accumulation of leaves and debris in the gutter.
4. Cover your chimney and stovepipe outlets with a noncombustible corrosion resistant metal mesh screen (spark arrestor), with 3/8-inch to 1/2-inch openings.
5. Install ember and flame-resistant vents. OFSM Wildland Urban Interface (WUI) Products
6. Caulk and plug gaps greater than 1/8-inch around exposed rafters and blocking to prevent ember intrusion into the attic or other enclosed spaces.
7. Inspect exterior siding for dry rot, gaps, cracks, and warping. Caulk or plug gaps greater than 1/8-inch in siding and replace any damaged boards, including those with dry rot.
8. Install weather-stripping to gaps greater than 1/8-inch between garage doors and door frames to prevent ember intrusion. The weather-stripping must be compliant with UL Standard 10C.
9. When it's time to replace your windows, replace them with multi-paned windows that have at least one pane of tempered glass. OFSM Wildland Urban Interface (WUI) Products
10. When it's time to replace your siding or deck, use compliant noncombustible, ignition-resistant, or other OFSM Wildland Urban Interface (WUI) Products
11. Cover openings to operable skylights with noncombustible metal mesh screen with openings in the screen not to exceed 1/8-inch.
12. Install a minimum 6-inch metal flashing, applied vertically on the exterior of the wall at the deck-to-wall intersection to protect the combustible siding material.

Low-Cost Ways to Create Defensible Space and Enhance the Effects of a Hardened Home

1. Regularly clean your roof, gutters, decks, and the base of walls to avoid the accumulation of fallen leaves, needles, and other flammable materials (see Defensible Space Webpage for more details).
2. Ensure that all combustible materials are removed from underneath, on top of, or within five feet of a deck.
3. Remove vegetation or other combustible materials that are within five feet of windows and glass doors.
4. Replace wood mulch products within five feet of all structures with noncombustible products such as dirt, stone, or gravel.
5. Remove all dead or dying grass, plants, shrubs, trees, branches, leaves, weeds, and pine needles within 30 feet of all structures or to the property line.
6. Ensure exposed firewood is stored at least 30 feet away from structures or completely covered in a fire-resistant material that will not allow embers to penetrate. Additionally, make sure you have 10 feet of clearance around your wood piles.
7. Be sure to store combustible outdoor furnishings away from your home when not in use.
8. Remember to properly store retractable awnings and umbrellas when not in use so they do not collect leaves and embers.

*This list was developed as a best practices guide and to assist homeowners to ensure their home is more ignition-resistant from wildfires. Low cost can be subjective. Some of these items are based on upgrading to more stringent materials when that feature is up for replacement due to normal maintenance or lifespan, i.e. roofs.

Updated 2/17/2022

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SEISMIC

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone	State	NOT IN	22
Faults	Federal	NOT WITHIN ¼ MILE	23
Faults	State	NOT WITHIN ¼ MILE	23
Faults	County	NOT WITHIN ¼ MILE	23
Ground Shaking	State	IN VERY STRONG	24
Liquefaction	State	NOT IN	25
Liquefaction	State	IN	25
Liquefaction	County	IN	25

EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONES

NHDS DETERMINATION
AN EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONE pursuant to Section 2622 of the Public Resources Code.
Yes ___ No _X__

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of maps or data obtained from the State of California in accordance with the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone Act, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN AN ALQUIST-PRIOLO EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONE

DISCUSSION:
If the Subject Property is partially or wholly within an OFFICIAL EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONE, it may be subject to (city, county, or state) requirements necessitating geologic study prior to any new or additional construction. When a property is located in this zone, it may not mean that a fault line exists on the property. In certain areas, the zones around the faults being studied are more than one-quarter of a mile wide.

Earthquake Fault Zones are delineated and adopted by the State of California as part of the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone Act of 1972 to assure that homes, offices, hospitals, public buildings, and other structures for human occupancy are not built on active faults. Earthquake Fault

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EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONES
(continued)

Zones are areas on both sides of known or suspected active earthquake faults. The State Mining and Geology Board has adopted policies and criteria for implementing the zones.

ADDITIONAL SOURCES

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of maps or data obtained from the United States Geological Survey, following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN ¼ MILE OF A MAPPED FAULT

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps and/or information from the California Geological Survey, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN ¼ MILE OF A MAPPED FAULT

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data for San Bernardino County, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN ¼ MILE OF A MAPPED FAULT

DISCUSSION:
As a part of long-term planning, localities are required to include mapping of known seismic or other geologic hazards on a local level. Information may vary between jurisdictions, and may include information about all locally-known seismic hazard zones, including an area's susceptibility to strong ground shaking, liquefaction, landslides or other ground failure.

The absence of earthquake activity at a particular location does not necessarily mean that earthquakes will not occur there in the future. Moderate to large earthquakes have often been preceded by or followed by long periods of quiescence. The apparent correlation between seismic activity and mapped faults should confine the areas of higher probability of earthquake occurrence to somewhat restricted zones.

Fault rupture can occur during moderate to large earthquakes and is a function of magnitude and the total length of the fault. Fault rupture accounts for only a small percentage of earthquake damage and may be rapid and sudden, as with a major earthquake, or can occur over an extended period of time.

DEFINITIONS:
For fault disclosures that contain fault activity information, the definitions below describe these activity designations.

Active - "Active" faults are defined as faults that have been active within the last 0 to 11,000 years.

Potentially Active - "Potentially Active" faults are defined as faults that may have been active between 11,000 years and 500,000 years ago.

Conditionally Active - "Conditionally Active" faults are defined as faults that may have had activity 750,000 years ago or uncertain activity.

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EARTHQUAKE GROUND SHAKING

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of maps and data from the California Integrated Seismic Network (CISN), the following determinations are made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN AN AREA SUBJECT TO VERY STRONG GROUND SHAKING AND MODERATE DAMAGE TO PROPERTY (MM VII) IN POTENTIAL EARTHQUAKE SCENARIOS

MODIFIED MERCALLI (MM) INTENSITY SCALE - POTENTIAL SHAKING AND DAMAGE LEVELS

IV. Light Shaking, Minimal Damage: Hanging objects swing, vibration like heavy trucks passing, windows and doors rattle

V. Moderate Shaking, Minimal Damage: Pictures move, liquids disturbed, sleepers awakened

VI. Strong Shaking, Nonstructural Damage: Objects fall, felt by all, pictures may fall off walls, shrubbery shakes

VII. Very Strong Shaking, Moderate Damage: Difficult to stand, some cracks in plaster, some damage to unreinforced masonry buildings

VIII. Severe Shaking, Moderate-Heavy Damage: Critical or extensive damage to stone buildings, steering of cars affected, fall of stucco and some masonry walls, fall of chimneys, homes move if on weak foundations

IX. Violent Shaking, Heavy Damage: Potential collapse of masonry buildings, many homes shifted off foundations, frames racked, underground pipes broken

DISCUSSION:

Ground Shaking studies provide a prediction of what may happen in future earthquakes, including what kind of damage can occur and what types of soils will have problems. As a prediction, the information from Ground Shaking studies provide a generalized view of what can occur during a large earthquake, but specific damage to specific buildings cannot be predicted. Loose, soft, recently deposited soils are the most susceptible to ground shaking amplification, and other hazards associated with seismic activity.

Ground shaking hazards exist throughout California. The potential damages in strong earthquake scenarios range from minimal to extreme, with corresponding shaking severity ranging from very weak to very violent. Seismologists modeled various ground shaking scenarios for active faults to highlight the hazards shaking can present in a strong earthquake.

For further information about the CISN:

http://www.cisn.org/ and http://www.cisn.org/shakemap/sc/shake/about.html

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LIQUEFACTION SUSCEPTIBILITY

NHDS DETERMINATION
A SEISMIC HAZARD ZONE pursuant to Section 2696 of the Public Resources Code.
Yes (Landslide Zone) ___ Yes (Liquefaction Zone) ___ No ___ Map not yet released by state _X__

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of the current maps and information issued by the California Geological Survey, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN AN OFFICIALLY DESIGNATED LIQUEFACTION HAZARD ZONE (NOTE: THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS IN AN AREA FOR WHICH NO MAPS HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA)

Note: Additional / local determination(s) below, when listed, may differ from the seismic hazard determination found in the Natural Hazard Disclosure Statement ("NHDS"). Differentiation can occur because the determination made in the NHDS is based on maps prepared by the California Geologic Survey in accordance with the State Seismic Hazard Mapping Act, while the determinations below are based on official maps prepared for another mapping program.

ADDITIONAL SOURCES

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps from the California Geological Survey, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN AN AREA OF LIQUEFACTION (POTENTIALLY LIQUEFIABLE SOILS)

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data for San Bernardino County, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN AN AREA NOT RATED FOR LIQUEFACTION SUSCEPTIBILITY

DISCUSSION:

Liquefaction is the sudden loss of soil strength resulting from shaking during an earthquake. The effect on structures and buildings can be devastating, and is a major contributor to urban seismic risk. Areas most susceptible to liquefaction are underlain by non-cohesive soils, such as sand and silt, that are saturated by groundwater typically between 0 and 30 feet below the surface.

Mapped liquefaction areas are those where historic occurrence of liquefaction, or local geological, geotechnical conditions indicate a potential for permanent ground displacement such that mitigation as defined in Public Resources Code Section 2693(c) would be required. Section 2693(c) defines "mitigation" to mean those measures that are consistent with established practice and that will reduce seismic risk to acceptable levels.

Note: The map upon which this determination is based may not show all areas that have the potential for liquefaction or other earthquake and geologic hazards. Also, a single earthquake capable of causing liquefaction may not uniformly affect the entire area. Liquefaction zones may also contain areas susceptible to the effects of earthquake induced landslides. This situation typically exists at or near the toe of existing landslides, down slope from rock fall or debris flow source areas, or adjacent to steep stream banks.

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GEOLOGIC

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Landslide Hazard Zones	State	NOT IN	26
Landslides	County	IN	26
Expansive Soils	Federal	IN UNMAPPED AREA	28
Subsidence	Federal	NOT IN	28
Wind Erosion	Regional	IN HIGH	29
Naturally Occuring Asbestos	State	NOT IN	30

LANDSLIDE SUSCEPTIBILITY

NHDS DETERMINATION
A SEISMIC HAZARD ZONE pursuant to Section 2696 of the Public Resources Code.
Yes (Landslide Zone) ___ Yes (Liquefaction Zone) ___ No ___ Map not yet released by state _X__

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of the current maps and information issued by the California Geological Survey, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN AN OFFICIALLY DESIGNATED EARTHQUAKE-INDUCED LANDSLIDE HAZARD ZONE (NOTE: THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS IN AN AREA FOR WHICH NO MAPS HAVE BEEN ISSUED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA)

Note: Additional / local determination(s) below, when listed, may differ from the seismic hazard determination found in the Natural Hazard Disclosure Statement ("NHDS"). Differentiation can occur because the determination made in the NHDS is based on specific maps prepared by the California Geological Survey (State Seismic Hazard Mapping Act), while the determination(s) below are based on different official maps and/or information.

ADDITIONAL SOURCES

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data for San Bernardino County, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN AN AREA NOT RATED FOR LANDSLIDE SUSCEPTIBILITY

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LANDSLIDE SUSCEPTIBILITY
(continued)

DISCUSSION:

Landslides and other ground failures may occur during earthquakes, triggered by the strain induced in soil and rock by the ground shaking vibrations, and during non-earthquake conditions, most frequently during the rainy season. Both natural and man-made factors contribute to these slope failures.

Although landslides due to slope failure are most frequent in "wet years" with above-average rainfall, they can occur at any time. The presence or absence of deep-rooted vegetation; surface and subsurface drainage conditions; thickness and engineering characteristics of soils and underlying weathered, partially-decomposed rock; orientation of bedding or locally-high rainfall can all affect slope stability.

The influence of bedrock lithology, steepness of slope, and rates of erosion, at the very least, must all be considered to generate an accurate susceptibility map. Any slope can be rendered unstable by construction activities and almost any unstable slope can also be mitigated by accepted geotechnical methods.

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SOIL HAZARDS

EXPANSIVE SOILS

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data from the United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN AN AREA NOT MAPPED FOR EXPANSIVE SOILS

DISCUSSION:

Shrink/Swell Potential or Soil Expansivity is the relative change in volume to be expected with changes in moisture content, that is, the extent to which the soil shrinks as it dries out or swells when it gets wet. Shrinking and swelling of soils can cause damage to building foundations, roads and other structures. Soil expansivity can cause damage due to differential settlement and could progressively deteriorate structures over time. As such, stricter construction and development requirements may apply that could affect building materials and standards used, including, but not limited to depth of footings, slab thickness and rebar installation. Structures located on expansive soils can experience more hairline cracks in the walls and slabs, however certain precautions can be taken in order to minimize cracking. These precautions include proper drainage after rain, installation of gutters and downspouts to direct water away from the structure, maintaining a uniform moisture condition around foundations, repairing any plumbing leaks, refraining from planting trees within approximately ten feet of the structure because trees tend to extract moisture in soil causing shrinkage, and contacting a soils engineer who specializes in expansive soils matters.

SUBSIDENCE

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data from the United States Geological Survey (USGS), the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN AN AREA OF IDENTIFIED SOIL SUBSIDENCE

DISCUSSION:

Subsidence is the gradual settling or sinking of the earth's surface with little or no horizontal motion due to the loss of solids or liquids from the subsurface. The compaction of alluvium and settling of the land surface is a process that occurs over several years, except when prompted by seismic shaking. Subsidence can cause property damage and could progressively deteriorate structures over time. As such, stricter construction and development requirements may apply that could affect building materials and standards used. Structures may experience more hairline cracks in the walls and slabs. Inundation or flooding may also be a secondary effect of subsidence.

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WIND EROSION AND BLOWN SAND

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data obtained from the Southern California Association of Governments, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN AN AREA WITH HIGH SUSCEPTIBILITY TO WIND EROSION

DISCUSSION:

Wind erosion most commonly occurs when barren sand or sandy loam soils are exposed to high wind in the absence of moisture. Human activity can increase wind erosion by disrupting soil formations and compaction, disturbing the stabilizing and wind-breaking effect of dunes, and most significantly, removing surface vegetation and its stabilizing effects. Blown sand, the most severe form of wind erosion, occurs largely due to natural conditions. Blown sand can cause significant damage to property, and also results in the nuisance and expense of removing sand from roadways and other property. Additionally, blown sand introduces a high level of suspended particulates into the air, and can create respiratory problems due to poor air quality.

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NATURALLY OCCURRING ASBESTOS

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of current maps and/or information issued by the California Geological Survey, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN AN AREA LIKELY TO CONTAIN NATURALLY OCCURRING ASBESTOS

DISCUSSION:

Natural asbestos commonly occurs in association with altered ultramafic rocks, including serpentinite or serpentine - the California state rock. State and federal officials consider all types of asbestos to be hazardous because asbestos is a known carcinogen. Wind and water can carry asbestos fibers, and certain human activities such as mining, grading, quarrying operations, construction or driving over unpaved roads or driving on a road paved in part with asbestos-bearing rock, can release dust containing asbestos fibers. As with any other potential environmental hazard, it is recommended that Buyers fully investigate and satisfy themselves as to the existence of exposed naturally occurring asbestos / serpentine rock on the Property or within its vicinity or any serpentine-surfaced roads within the vicinity of the Property and the hazards, if any, posed thereby. That investigation should include consulting with appropriate expert(s) who can identify and test any exposed naturally occurring asbestos / serpentine rock on the Property or within its vicinity to determine whether it may present a health risk to Buyers. Buyers are encouraged to review all relevant information resulting from these studies and other information pertaining to the risk of exposure to harmful forms of naturally occurring asbestos fibers prior to removing their inspection contingency. Exposure to asbestos may create a significant health risk, and the presence of asbestos-bearing minerals may result in restrictions on the use or development of the Property. You should consider the potential risks associated with the Property before you complete your purchase and determine whether they are acceptable to you.

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OIL & GAS

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Oil and Gas Wells	State	NOT WITHIN 500FT	31
Oil and Gas Field Administrative Boundary	State	NOT WITHIN	31
Natural Gas Storage Facilities	Federal	NOT WITHIN 2 MILES	32

OIL AND GAS WELL PROXIMITY

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data from the California Dept. of Conservation, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN THE ADMINISTRATIVE BOUNDARY OF AN OIL AND GAS FIELD

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN 500FT OF AN IDENTIFIED OIL OR GAS WELL, ACTIVE OR ABANDONED

DISCUSSION:

Abandoned oil and gas wells dot the landscape of California. Identified wells have been mapped and are monitored by the California Department of Conservation; and are generally regulated by State and Local agencies. While abandoned wells that are properly capped and monitored present a low hazard risk, improper capping or plugging of abandoned wells can lead to a variety of problems. Improperly capped wells can release noxious chemicals into the air, or allow chemicals to leach into groundwater. Abandoned oil and gas wells are prone to buildup of methane gas which can create an explosion hazard if not properly monitored and cleaned. Improperly capped wells can lead to sinkhole development. Wells can pose a serious threat to the safety of humans, especially children, and to animals. Administrative field boundaries roughly outline the areal extent of an oil or gas field. Questions of jurisdiction and responsibility in regards to capping and maintenance of abandoned wells may exist.

For more information regarding abandoned oil and gas wells in California, contact the following agencies:

State of California Dept. of Conservation - Geologic Energy Management Division:

https://www.conservation.ca.gov/calgem/Pages/Index.aspx

California Environmental Protection Agency: http://www.calepa.ca.gov

Note: This hazard determination only identifies properties in proximity to abandoned wells that have been mapped by the California Department of Conservation. Unmapped abandoned wells that are not identified in this disclosure could exist on or near the Subject Property. Unmapped and unidentified wells can pose a greater risk to health and safety as they are not monitored and may not have received the appropriate mitigation measures.

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OIL AND GAS WELL PROXIMITY
(continued)

NATURAL GAS STORAGE FACILITIES

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data from the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN 2 MILES OF A NATURAL GAS STORAGE FACILITY

DISCUSSION:

Natural Gas Storage Facilities are present throughout the United States. Most commonly, natural gas is held in underground storage facilities in depleted reservoirs in oil and/or natural gas fields, aquifers, or salt cavern formations. Natural gas can also be stored in liquid or gaseous form in above-ground tanks. Generally, these facilities are in proximity to consumption centers, and take advantage of existing infrastructure found at depleted fields. The ability to quickly deliver gas to areas in need, and store large amounts of inventory to meet fluctuating demand, are important features of these facilities. Underground gas storage facilities in California are regulated by the California Geologic Energy Management Division (CalGEM), helping to maintain safe storage operations throughout the state.

For further information on Natural Gas, and Natural Gas storage, visit the following agency websites:

U.S. EIA: https://www.eia.gov/energyexplained/natural-gas/delivery-and-storage.php

CalGEM: https://www.conservation.ca.gov/calgem/Pages/UndergroundGasStorage.aspx

CPUC: https://www.cpuc.ca.gov/industries-and-topics/natural-gas/natural-gas-and-california

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NOISE

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Airport Influence Area	County	NOT IN	33
Airport Vicinity	Federal	WITHIN 2 MILES	33
Railroads	State	NOT WITHIN 1/4 MILE	35

AIRPORT PROXIMITY

AIRPORT INFLUENCE AREA

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data obtained from local land use commissions, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN AN AIRPORT INFLUENCE AREA

AIRPORT VICINITY

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data for the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and the U.S. Department of Transportation, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN 2 MILES OF AN FAA APPROVED LANDING FACILITY:

- SAINT MARYS MEDICAL CENTER PRIMARY HP
- ST MARY DESERT VALLEY HOSPITAL HELIPORT (PRIVATE)
- VICTOR VALLEY COMMUNITY HOSPITAL HP
- VICTOR VALLEY GLOBAL MEDICAL CENTER HELIPORT (PRIVATE)

DISCUSSION:

NOTICE OF AIRPORT IN VICINITY - Pursuant to Section 1103.4 of the Civil Code: If the above-referenced property is located in the vicinity of an airport, within what is known as an Airport Influence Area, the property may be subject to some of the annoyances or inconveniences associated with proximity to airport operations, such as noise, vibration, or odors. Per the California Code of Regulations Section 5006, the level of noise acceptable to a reasonable person residing in the vicinity of an airport is established as a community noise equivalent level (CNEL) value of 65 dB. This criterion level has been chosen for reasonable persons residing in urban residential areas where houses are of typical California construction and may have windows partially open. Individual sensitivities to those annoyances

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AIRPORT PROXIMITY
(continued)

can vary from person to person. You may wish to consider what airport annoyances, if any, are associated with the property before you complete your purchase and determine whether they are acceptable to you.

Note: In some instances the location of an airport facility's property line was not made available by the FAA. In those cases the FAA-designated central point of the facility was used as the center for the two mile proximity determination.

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NOISE HAZARDS

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data from the United States Department of Transportation and local rail services, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN 1/4 MILE OF A RAIL LINE

DISCUSSION:

Prolonged and excessive noise can affect both physiological and psychological well-being. In addition to causing hearing loss, noise can interfere with activities such as communication, sleep, and thought. Detrimental effects can start at average noise levels as low as 55 decibels (dB), where noise can be a source of annoyance for many, with increasing problems at higher levels. Continued exposure at average levels of 70dB or more can lead to hearing loss. Attention to noise in community planning and through noise ordinances is designed to minimize noise attenuation along major regional/arterial streets and rail lines. Noise ordinances may deal with zoning, site design, architectural standards, barriers, or street materials. These effort are designed to minimize the increase in ambient noise levels, the spread of noise producing activities into formerly quiet areas, and the negative impact of noise on human health and amenity.

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LAND USE

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Mining Operations	State	NOT WITHIN 1 MILE	36
Abandoned Mining Operations	State	WITHIN 1 MILE	36
Mine Sites	Federal	NOT WITHIN ¼ MILE	36
Former Military Facilities (FUDS)	Federal	NOT WITHIN ONE MILE	38
Military Facilities	Federal	NOT WITHIN 1 MILE	38
Industrial / Commercial Use	Regional	IN	40
Historical Significance Notice	State	INCLUDED	41
Critical Habitats	Federal	NOT IN	42
Protected Species / Habitats	Federal	IN LOW	42
Protected Species / Habitats	State	NOT IN	42
Right to Farm	State	IN	44
Williamson Act Land Conservation Program	County	NOT IN	45

NOTICE OF MINING OPERATIONS

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data from the Division of Mines and Reclamation (DMR) at the Department of Conservation, pursuant to Section 2207 of the Public Resources Code, the following determinations are made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN 1 MILE OF MINING OPERATIONS

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NOTICE OF MINING OPERATIONS
(continued)

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data from the Division of Mines and Reclamation's Abandoned Mine Lands Unit, the following determinations are made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN 1 MILE OF ABANDONED MINING OPERATIONS, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:

· UNNAMED MINE - PROSPECT PIT
· UNNAMED MINE - QUARRY

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data from the United States Geological Survey (USGS), the following determinations are made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN ¼ MILE OF A MINE SITE IDENTIFIED BY THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

DISCUSSION:

If this property is located within one mile of a mine operation for which the mine owner or operator has reported mine location data to the Department of Conservation pursuant to Section 2207 of the Public Resources Code, then the property may be subject to inconveniences resulting from mining operations. You may wish to consider the impacts of these practices before you complete your transaction.

Mines have been dug and abandoned throughout the State of California. The result is that in the state there are tens of thousands of active and abandoned mines, many unmapped, that can pose inconveniences resulting from mining operations and potential safety, health, and environmental hazards. Sites can possess serious physical safety hazards, such as open shafts or tunnels, and many mines have the potential to contaminate surface water, groundwater.

Further information is available from the following:

Division of Mines and Reclamation: http://www.conservation.ca.gov/dmr
Division of Mines and Reclamation, Abandoned Mine Lands Unit:
http://www.conservation.ca.gov/dmr/abandoned_mine_lands
U.S. Geological Survey: http://minerals.usgs.gov

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MILITARY ORDNANCE AND DEFENSE SITES

FUDS PROGRAM SITES

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps and information issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers from the Defense Environmental Restoration Program Annual Report to Congress, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN ONE MILE OF A FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITE

DISCUSSION:

The Defense Environmental Restoration Program-Formerly Used Defense Site Program (DERP-FUDS) was established in 1984 by the United States Army with the mission to protect human health and safety, the environment, and natural resources by removing hazardous material from the environment. The FUDS Program is responsible for all properties that were formerly owned by, leased to, or otherwise possessed by the United States under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense prior to October 1986, and is executed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The type of cleanup required, if any, varies from property to property and could include: removal of hazardous, toxic and radioactive waste, ordnance and explosives waste, building demolition and/or debris removal.

For more information, please see:

http://www.usace.army.mil/Missions/Environmental/FormerlyUsedDefenseSites.aspx

ADDITIONAL MILITARY SITES

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or information issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers in conjunction with the Department of Defense, individual base cleanup organizations, and local sources, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN 1 MILE OF A MILITARY SITE

DISCUSSION:

Former and current military sites exist throughout the country in various stages of use, closure, and cleanup. While some of these military sites are included in the FUDS program, those owned by, leased to, or otherwise possessed by the United States and under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense after October 1986, are not eligible for inclusion in the FUDS program. These sites include but are not limited to sites where environmental cleanup has been completed such as previous FUDS program sites, or those that have been closed or realigned as part of the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) process.

For more information, please see:

https://www.epa.gov/fedfac/base-realignment-and-closure-brac-sites-state

https://www.bracpmo.navy.mil/

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MILITARY ORDNANCE AND DEFENSE SITES
(continued)

http://www.usace.army.mil/Missions/Environmental/FormerlyUsedDefenseSites.aspx

Note: The Military sites and their boundaries used in making these determinations are based on data made available at the source's discretion, and may be incomplete from the source. Certain sections of a site may be disclosed with other sections left out by the source. Some active military sites and bases may not be disclosed herein based on the discretion of the source.

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AREAS OF INDUSTRIAL / COMMERCIAL USE

PLANNING

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data obtained from the Southern California Association of Governments, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN OR IS ADJACENT TO AN AREA OF INDUSTRIAL AND/OR COMMERCIAL LAND USE

DISCUSSION:

Industrial or commercial use zones or districts may be established by cities and/or counties wherein certain manufacturing, commercial or airport uses are expressly permitted.

Pursuant to Section 1102.17 of the Civil Code, the seller of residential real property subject to this article who has actual knowledge that the property is affected by, or zoned to allow, an industrial use described in Section 731a of the Code of Civil Procedure, which allows manufacturing, commercial or airport uses in zones that have been established under authority of law for those uses, shall give written notice of that knowledge as soon as practicable before transfer of title.

The existence of various conditions such as traffic, noise, odors, pollution, obstructed views, and other such conditions that are reasonable and necessary in Industrial Use Zones, cannot be enjoined or restrained, nor shall such use be deemed a nuisance as outlined in Section 731a of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Note: The composition of Planned Developments may not be finalized and may eventually include areas of commercial or industrial use. For more information about a Planned Development in your area, contact the local planning department.

Note: Where not specifically identified, determinations may be based on maps or data made for Land Use and Planning purposes, and may not reflect all local zoning. Zoning changes occur often. This report should not be relied upon to provide any specific determination of the current zoning or allowed activities on or near the the Subject Property.

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HISTORIC AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES

HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE NOTICE

Recognizing the need to identify and protect neighborhoods with distinct architectural and cultural resources, national, state, and local agencies have developed review processes for properties with historical significance. While the review process varies based on jurisdiction, a property deemed to be of historical significance may be subject to special rules, regulations, or building codes that could affect your ability to alter or improve said property.

While Property I.D. has not discovered if the subject property has any historical significance, and has no duty to do so, it is important to be aware that properties that contain older structures may have some historical significance, and you should contact your local Planning and/or Building Department(s) to confirm how your property may be affected, especially if any improvements are to be made.

For more information on historical sites in general, please visit the following:

National Register of Historic Places: https://www.nps.gov/subjects/nationalregister/index.htm

CA Register of Historical Resources: http://ohp.parks.ca.gov/?page_id=21238

CA Points of Historical Interest: http://ohp.parks.ca.gov/?page_id=21750

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PROTECTED SPECIES / HABITATS

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of the current maps and/or information obtained from the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS), the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN A CRITICAL HABITAT AREA

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of the current maps and/or information obtained from federal, state, county, or local habitat conservation departments, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN AN AREA WITH PROTECTED SPECIES, HABITATS, OR CONSERVATION PLAN AREAS, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:

· LOW DENSITY DESERT TORTOISE (SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY)
· MOJAVE GROUND SQUIRREL (SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY)

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of the California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB), the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN AN AREA WITH RECORDED SIGHTINGS OF RARE SPECIES OR NATURAL COMMUNITIES

DISCUSSION:

The species and/or habitat(s) listed above, if any, represent rare, sensitive, threatened, endangered, or special status plants, animals, natural communities, or habitats. Some of the species listed may not currently be considered endangered, threatened, sensitive, or protected, at the time of the report, but do have the potential of receiving an upgraded status.

Landowners with property in conservation areas may be subject to development fees at the time a grading permit is obtained, and/or may be required to secure a habitat assessment conducted by a biologist or specialist approved by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, and/or the California Department of Fish and Wildlife, and/or the local jurisdiction habitat conservation department. Fee revenues are generally expended for land acquisition, biologic research and other conservation and mitigation activities necessary to help implement the applicable species habitat conservation plans. A habitat assessment involves a field survey to ascertain the actual presence of the particular species upon the Subject Property. These habitat preservation measures may also limit the landowner's ability to develop the property. Affected landowners should check the applicable jurisdiction's ordinances, mitigation fees, and local planning jurisdictions.

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PROTECTED SPECIES / HABITATS
(continued)

The CNDDB provides location and natural history information on special status plants, animals, and natural communities to the public, government agencies, and conservation organizations. The data can help drive conservation decisions, aid in environmental review of projects, and provide baseline data helpful in recovering endangered species. Although proximity to a CNDDB identified historic species and/or habitat sighting does not necessarily impact the landowner(s) directly, homeowners and buyers may wish to check applicable ordinances, mitigation fees, and local planning jurisdictions.

Contact information for your Department of Fish and Wildlife Regional Office can be found at https://www.wildlife.ca.gov/Regions.

Note: A lack of listed species and/or habitats in this report does not necessarily mean that there are no rare species or habitats in this area. Areas that have not been surveyed for rare species will not show results in this report. Land that has not been surveyed for rare plants and animals retains the potential to support rare elements.

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NOTICE OF RIGHT TO FARM

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of the current county-level GIS "Important Farmland Map," issued by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Land Resource Protection, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN AN AREA WITHIN ONE MILE OF AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITY

The following notice applies to properties located within one mile of agricultural activity.

NOTICE:

This property is located within one mile of farm or ranch land designated on the current county-level GIS "Important Farmland Map," issued by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Land Resource Protection. Accordingly, the property may be subject to inconveniences or discomforts resulting from agricultural operations that are a normal and necessary aspect of living in a community with a strong rural character and a healthy agricultural sector. Customary agricultural practices in farm operations may include, but are not limited to, noise, odors, dust, light, insects, the operation of pumps and machinery, the storage and disposal of manure, bee pollination, and the ground or aerial application of fertilizers, pesticides, and herbicides. These agricultural practices may occur at any time during the 24-hour day. Individual sensitivities to those practices can vary from person to person. You may wish to consider the impacts of such agricultural practices before you complete your purchase. Please be advised that you may be barred from obtaining legal remedies against agricultural practices conducted in a manner consistent with proper and accepted customs and standards pursuant to Section 3482.5 of the Civil Code or any pertinent local ordinance.

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LAND CONSERVATION DETERMINATION

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data for the California Department of Conservation, Division of Land Resource Protection and in conjunction with local county agencies, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS NOT / WAS NOT LOCATED IN LANDS UNDER CONTRACT PURSUANT TO THE CALIFORNIA LAND CONSERVATION (WILLIAMSON) ACT AT THE TIME THE DATA WAS OBTAINED

DISCUSSION:

The Williamson Act was passed by the California Legislature in 1965 to preserve agricultural and open space lands in Agricultural Preserves by discouraging premature and unnecessary conversion to urban uses. The term "Agricultural Preserve" is an area for which a city or county will enter into contracts with landowners to devote land to agricultural or open-space uses, pursuant to the California Land Conservation (Williamson) Act. Preserves are regulated by rules and restrictions designated in the resolution to ensure that the land within the Preserve is maintained for agricultural or open space use.

The Williamson Act authorizes local governments and property owners to (voluntarily) enter into 10-year rolling term contracts to commit land to specified uses. In return, restricted parcels may be assessed for property tax purposes at a rate consistent with their actual use, rather than potential market value. However, a Williamson Act contract on the property does not by itself necessarily guarantee that the property will be assessed at a reduced value for property tax purposes. A Williamson Act contract runs with the land and is binding on all successors in interest of the landowner. A landowner's failure to meet the conditions of the contract may be considered a breach of the contract, which will allow the local government to sue the landowner and/or not renew the contract.

Additionally, if the Subject Property is located at or near Agricultural Preserves, inconvenience or discomfort may arise from the use of the land for agricultural activity or processing activity in a manner consistent with proper and accepted customs and standards. Agricultural activity, operation, or facility, or appurtenances thereof shall include, but not be limited to, the cultivation and tillage of the soil, dairying, the production, cultivation, growing, and harvesting of any agricultural commodity including timber, viticulture, apiculture, or horticulture, the raising of livestock, fur bearing animals, fish, or poultry, and any practices performed by a farmer or on a farm as incident to or in conjunction with those farming operations, including preparation for market, delivery to storage or to market, or delivery to carriers for transportation to market. Agricultural processing activity, operation, facility, or appurtenances thereof includes, but is not limited to, the canning or freezing of agricultural products, the processing of dairy products, the production and bottling of beer and wine, the processing of meat and egg products, the drying of fruits and grains, the packaging and cooling of fruits and vegetables, and the storage or warehousing of any agricultural products, and includes processing for wholesale or retail markets of agricultural products.

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PROPERTY TAX RECORDS

PROPERTY TAX BILL SUMMARY

Tax Totals for the 2022-2023 tax year:

Mello-Roos Total:	0.00
Direct Charge (Special Assessment/1915) Total:	$278.56
Variable (Ad Valorem) Tax Total:	$9,363.80
at the variable tax rate of 1.221500%	
2022-2023 Property Tax Bill Total:*	$9,642.36

*The Annual Tax Total amount represents the total property tax fees on the subject property as billed at the beginning of the listed tax year. The levies and amounts listed in this report are based on the levies and property valuation on record at the beginning of the listed tax year. Items not found on the property tax bill provided by the county for the listed tax year, and/or deferred items, may not be found in this report. (Property I.D. reserves the right to update these records during the course of the tax year, at Property I.D.'s discretion.)

NOTE: The taxes listed are for the tax year shown above. The amounts and levies are subject to change pursuant to the purchase price of the property, changes to the assessed value, or changes in the tax rolls. Supplemental tax bills and penalty fees are not included in this report. To see an estimate of the future taxes based on purchase price, please click the Property I.D. Future Tax Estimator below.



Mello-Roos Community Facilities District Levies - Details

Notice of Special Tax

SUBJECT PROPERTY DOES NOT CURRENTLY HAVE MELLO-ROOS TAXES LEVIED AGAINST IT

The Mello-Roos Community Facilities District Act, enacted in 1982, allows local governments to create tax districts to finance infrastructure, services, and public facilities such as sewers, parks, electrical upgrades, etc. Establishing a Mello-Roos tax requires a 2/3 majority vote. The electors in a Mello-Roos vote consist of the registered voters in the new tax district, provided the district contains at least 12 registered voters. Otherwise, the qualified electors are the land owners within the district, with each land owner entitled to one or more voters based on the amount of land owned within the district. In some cases, there may be a single owner or developer voting.

Note: By voter approval new Mello-Roos taxes may be levied against this property in the future. Items not found on the property tax bill provided by the county for the listed tax year, and/or deferred items, may not be found in this report.

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Direct Charge (Special Assessment/1915 Bond Act) Levies - Details

Notice of Special Assessment

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN A SPECIAL TAX ASSESSMENT DISTRICT

Special Assessments are taxes levied against parcels for public projects in which the amount of the charge is based on the benefit of the project to the parcel. Assessments based on the 1915 Bond Act are among special assessments, and are generally used to fund public improvement projects such as streets and sewer systems.

Note: By voter approval new Special Assessment taxes may be levied against this property in the future. Items not found on the property tax bill provided by the county for the listed tax year, and/or deferred items, may not be found in this report.

Code	Description	Contact	Phone	Amount
WF01SP03	FIRE SERVICES	APPLE VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT	(760)247-7618	$278.56

Direct Charge (Special Assessment/1915) Total: $278.56

Property Value Adjusted (Ad Valorem) Levies - Details

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS SUBJECT TO AD VALOREM TAXES

Ad Valorem taxes, also known as “Rate-Based Taxes” are charges calculated as a percentage of the total value of real property, including improvement and land values as determined by the county assessor. California’s standard 1% property tax is included among these rate based taxes.

Note: By voter approval new Ad Valorem taxes may be levied against this property in the future.

Code	Description	Contact	Phone	Rate	Amount
AA01AA01	PROP. 13 STANDARD 1% TAX	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY AUDITOR	(909)387-8322	1%	$8200.00 *
WY20DI01	MOJAVE WTR BOND DEBT 2	MOJAVE WATER AGENCY	(760)946-7000	0.0550%	$451.00 *
SB02DD01	APPLE VALLEY UNIFIED BOND	APPLE VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DIST	(760)247-8001	0.0334%	$273.88 *
WY20DL01	MOJAVE WATER BOND DEBT 1	MOJAVE WATER AGENCY	(760)946-7000	0.1125%	$270.00 *

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PROPERTY TAXES

Code	Description	Contact	Phone	Rate	Amount
SB01DD06	VV COMM COLLEGE MEASURE JJ	VICTOR VALLEY COLLEGE	(760)245-4271	0.0206%	$168.92 *
SR02DA06	SCHOOL STATE REPAYMENT	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY AUDITOR	(909)387-8322	0%	$0.00 *

Variable (Ad Valorem) Tax Total: $9,363.80 @ 1.221500%

*This amount represents the fees based on the property valuation as listed in the identified tax records as of the beginning of the identified tax year. This amount is subject to change pursuant to the purchase price of the property and/or changes to the assessed value and does not include supplemental tax bills. Items not found on the property tax bill provided by the county for the listed tax year, and/or deferred items, may not be found in this report.

DISCUSSION:

THIS IS A NOTIFICATION TO YOU PRIOR TO YOUR PURCHASING THIS PROPERTY. If this property is within the above-named assessment district(s), the assessment district(s) issued bonds to finance the acquisition or construction of the certain public improvements that are of direct and special benefit to property within the assessment districts. The bonds will be repaid from annual assessment installments on the property within the assessment districts. If this property is subject to annual assessment installments, the assessment districts will appear on the property tax bills, in addition to the regular property taxes and any other charges and levies that will be listed on the property tax bill. Assessment installments will be collected each year until the assessment bonds are repaid. These facilities may not yet have all been constructed or acquired and it is possible that some may never be constructed or acquired. If you fail to pay this tax when due each year, the property may be foreclosed upon and sold. The tax is used to provide public facilities and/or services that are likely to particularly benefit the property. YOU SHOULD TAKE THIS TAX AND THE BENEFITS FROM THE PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES FOR WHICH IT PAYS INTO ACCOUNT IN DECIDING WHETHER TO BUY THIS PROPERTY. By signing the NHDS and Disclosure Report Receipt, Buyer(s) ACKNOWLEDGE THAT BUYER(S) HAVE RECEIVED A COPY OF THIS NOTICE. BUYER(S) UNDERSTAND THAT BUYER(S) MAY TERMINATE THE CONTRACT TO PURCHASE OR DEPOSIT RECEIPT AFTER RECEIVING THIS NOTICE FROM THE OWNER OR AGENT SELLING THE PROPERTY. THE CONTRACT MAY BE TERMINATED WITHIN THREE DAYS IF THE NOTICE WAS RECEIVED IN PERSON OR WITHIN FIVE DAYS AFTER IT WAS DEPOSITED IN THE MAIL BY GIVING WRITTEN NOTICE OF THAT TERMINATION TO THE OWNER OR AGENT SELLING THE PROPERTY. This disclosure notice is made pursuant to Government Code Sections 53340.2, 53754 and Civil Code Section 1102.6b and satisfies the 1915 Bond and Special Assessment disclosure requirements.

Note: The applicable county tax assessor/collector and Property I.D. update their Tax Assessment information yearly or quarterly. Only Assessments that were levied against properties at the time Property I.D. obtained the tax records are disclosed. This information is subject to change and Property I.D. is not responsible for any changes that may occur. No study of the public records was made by Property I.D. to determine the presence of any other tax or assessment. The above explanation of Special Assessments is intended to be general in nature and is not a substitute for a tax bill, title report or title insurance. Detailed information may be available by contacting the agency that administers the Special Assessment. If detailed information is desired, Property I.D. recommends that an appropriate professional consultant be retained.

In some cases (including some condos, mobile homes, and new subdivisions), the tax roll data disclosed may represent the entire amount for the main parcel when the individual parcels have not been segregated. In other cases, taxes levied on the main parcel may not show up on bills for the individual units, but paid for via HOA dues or other fees.

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NOTICE OF YOUR SUPPLEMENTAL PROPERTY TAX BILL

California property tax law requires the Assessor to revalue real property at the time the ownership of the property changes. Because of this law, you may receive one or two supplemental tax bills, depending on when your loan closes. The supplemental tax bills are not mailed to your lender. If you have arranged for your property tax payments to be paid through an impound account, the supplemental tax bills will not be paid by your lender. It is your responsibility to pay these supplemental bills directly to the Tax Collector. If you have any question concerning this matter, please call your local Tax Collector's Office. To see an estimate of the future taxes based on purchase price, please visit the Property I.D. Future Tax Estimator below.

Note: This is a notice to you that the County Assessor will revalue the property and you will be responsible for paying the taxes due according to the reassessed value. It is not a disclosure of actual supplemental property taxes.



GENERAL NOTICE OF TRANSFER FEE DISCLOSURE

Some properties may be affected by transfer fees. In the event that the property being transferred is subject to a transfer fee, the transferor is required to make this disclosure. A transferor may request the title company that issued the preliminary title report to provide copies of the documents for review in order for the transferor to determine if the property being transferred is subject to a transfer fee.

A "transfer fee" is any fee payment requirement imposed within a covenant, condition or restriction (CC&R), contained in any deed, contract, security instrument, or other document affecting the transfer or sale of, or any interest in, real property that requires a fee be paid upon transfer of the real property.

If the property being transferred is subject to a transfer fee, the transferor shall provide, at the same time as the transfer disclosure statement is provided, an additional disclosure that includes (1) notice that payment of a transfer fee is required upon transfer of the property; (2) the amount of the fee required for the asking price of the real property and a description of how the fee is calculated; (3) notice that the final amount of the fee may be different if the fee is based upon a percentage of the final sale price; (4) the entity to which funds from the fee will be paid; (5) the purpose for which the funds from the fee will be used; (6) the date or circumstances under which the obligation to pay the transfer fee expires, if any.

You may wish to investigate and determine whether the imposition of a transfer fee, if any, is acceptable to you and your intended use of the property before you complete your transaction.

ACCELERATED FORECLOSURE NOTICE

It is extremely important that the real property tax bill be paid on time to prevent accelerated foreclosure. If this property is part of a Mello-Roos District (Community Facilities District), a 1915 Act Assessment District, or certain other special financing districts, it may be subject to accelerated foreclosure. Even though the County must wait five years to foreclose on a property because of delinquent taxes, unpaid Mello-Roos and Assessment districts can begin foreclosure proceedings 150-180 days after one of their tax charges becomes delinquent. If the real property is subject to such

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an assessment and the taxes are not paid promptly, the real property may be foreclosed upon and sold at public auction on an expedited basis.

PROPOSITION 19: THE HOME PROTECTION FOR SENIORS, SEVERELY DISABLED, FAMILIES, AND VICTIMS OF WILDFIRE OR NATURAL DISASTERS ACT

On November 3, 2020, California voters approved Proposition 19. This amendment to California Constitution Article XIII A provides for property tax savings for taxpayers in several exclusion and base year value transfer areas. Beginning on and after April 1, 2021, an owner of a primary residence who is over 55 years of age, severely disabled, or a victim of a wildfire or natural disaster, is allowed to transfer the taxable value, defined as the base year value plus inflation adjustments, of their primary residence to a replacement primary residence located anywhere in the state, regardless of the location or value of the replacement primary residence, that is purchased or newly constructed as that person's principal residence within 2 years of the sale of the original primary residence. The measure would limit a person who is over 55 years of age or severely disabled to 3 transfers under these provisions. Proposition 19 also includes provisions modifying the transfer of property exclusions within families, previously defined under Propositions 58/193.

For further information, visit the State Board of Equalization's Prop. 19 page at

https://www.boe.ca.gov/prop19

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ENVIRONMENTAL

DISCLOSURE	SOURCE	RESULT	PAGE
Groundwater Management Basins	State	IN VERY LOW PRIORITY	51

GROUNDWATER

Based on PROPERTY I.D.'s research of specific maps or data from the California Department of Water Resources, the following determination is made:

SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN A CALIFORNIA STATEWIDE GROUNDWATER ELEVATION MONITORING PROGRAM VERY LOW PRIORITY GROUNDWATER BASIN

DISCUSSION:

The Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA), signed into law on September 16, 2014, is a package of three bills (AB 1739, SB 1168, and SB 1319) that provides local agencies with a framework for managing groundwater basins in a sustainable manner. Recognizing that groundwater is most effectively managed at the local level, the SGMA empowers local agencies to achieve sustainability within 20 years. As part of this process, the Department of Water Resources (DWR), via the California Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitoring (CASGEM) Program, has identified and prioritized groundwater basins throughout the state. Based on the priority designation, local agencies may form Groundwater Sustainability Agencies (GSAs), tasked with developing Groundwater Sustainability Plans (GSPs) within a certain time frame. The SGMA requires GSAs in high and medium priority basins to develop GSPs, while GSAs in low and very low priority basins are encouraged, but not required, to do so. With the adoption of these plans, potential changes to local groundwater management practices may affect your property. Any concerns should be directed to your local Planning Department, Groundwater Management Agency, and other related agencies.

Further information on the SGMA can be found at the following sites:
https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/sgma/docs/resources/dom_well_brchr.pdf
https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/sgma/

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GENERAL NOTICES OF REQUIRED DISCLOSURES

BUILDING ENERGY USE BENCHMARKING AND PUBLIC DISCLOSURE PROGRAM

Assembly Bill 802 (Williams, 2015) directed the California Energy Commission to create a statewide building energy use benchmarking and public disclosure program for buildings larger than 50,000 square feet. The Commission's regulations require building owners to report building characteristic information and energy use data to the Commission by June 1 annually, beginning in 2018 for buildings with no residential utility accounts, and in 2019 for buildings with 17 or more residential utility accounts. Building owners will complete their reporting using ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager, a free online tool provided by the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

Assembly Bill 802 also requires, effective January 1, 2017, that energy utilities provide building-level energy use data to building owners, owners' agents, and operators upon request for buildings with no residential utility accounts and for buildings with five or more utility accounts.

The Energy Commission will publicly disclose some of the reported information beginning in 2019 for buildings with no residential utility accounts, and 2020 for buildings with residential utility accounts.

Assembly Bill 802, Chapter 590:

http://energy.ca.gov/benchmarking/documents/AB_802_chapter_590.pdf

Building Energy Benchmarking Regulations:

http://docketpublic.energy.ca.gov/PublicDocuments/15-OIR-05/TN222916_20180307T143335_California_Benchmarking_Regulations_Final_20180301.pdf

ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager:

https://www.energystar.gov/buildings/facility-owners-and-managers/existing-buildings/use-portfolio-manager

For further information, please visit http://www.energy.ca.gov/benchmarking/, or contact the CA Energy Commission Benchmarking Hotline at (855) 279-6460, or by email at Erik.Jensen@energy.ca.gov.

You may also contact the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Energy Star Program for further information on Benchmarking and energy use at the following sites:

http://www.energystar.gov/buildings/index.cfm

http://www.energystar.gov/

Local Benchmarking and Public Disclosure Programs

The cities of San Francisco, Berkeley, and Los Angeles have local benchmarking and public disclosure programs whose requirements exceed those of the state program. Per the state regulations, a local jurisdiction may request that the Energy Commission provide an exemption from the state reporting requirement for buildings located in the local jurisdiction. If the exemption is approved, the owners of buildings in that jurisdiction may report to the local jurisdiction only, and will not be required to report to the Commission.

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GENERAL NOTICES OF REQUIRED DISCLOSURES
(continued)

METHAMPHETAMINE & FENTANYL CONTAMINATION

Methamphetamine and Fentanyl use and production are growing throughout the State of California. Properties may be contaminated by hazardous chemicals used or produced in the manufacture of methamphetamine or fentanyl where those chemicals remain and where the contamination has not been remediated. Once the methamphetamine or fentanyl laboratories have been closed, the public may be harmed by the material and residues that remain.

Because the methamphetamine and fentanyl manufacturing processes lead to chemical contamination, the Methamphetamine or Fentanyl Contaminated Property Cleanup Act requires a property owner to disclose in writing to a prospective buyer if local health officials have issued an order prohibiting the use or occupancy of a property contaminated by methamphetamine or fentanyl laboratory activity. The owner must also provide the buyer with a copy of the pending order to acknowledge receipt in writing. Property owner(s) must retain a methamphetamine laboratory site remediation firm that is an authorized contractor meeting certain requirements, as defined, to remediate the contamination caused by a methamphetamine or fentanyl laboratory activity. Civil penalties up to $5,000 can be imposed upon a property owner who does not provide a notice or disclosure required by the act, or upon a person who violates an order issued by the local health officer prohibiting use or occupancy of a property contaminated by a methamphetamine or fentanyl laboratory activity. In addition, local health and law enforcement agencies are required to take specified action, including the filing of a lien against a property for cleanup of the contamination.

Realtors and Property I.D. do not have the requisite expertise to determine the need for testing or cleanup of methamphetamine or fentanyl contamination and cannot verify the information provided about such contamination by others.

MEGAN'S LAW - SEX OFFENDER DATABASE

Pursuant to Section 290.46 of the Penal Code, information about specified registered sex offenders is made available to the public via an Internet website maintained by the Department of Justice at www.meganslaw.ca.gov. This site provides access to information on persons required to register in California as sex offenders. Specific home addresses are displayed for many offenders in the California communities; as to these persons, the site displays the last registered address reported by the offender. Additional offenders are included on the site with listing by ZIP Code, city, and county. Information on other offenders is not included on this site, but is known to law enforcement personnel.

The California Legislature has created this statewide website to enable the public to secure information regarding the location of registered sex offenders. Anyone who is interested in this information should go on-line at www.meganslaw.ca.gov prior to removing their inspection contingency. Brokers and Property I.D. cannot and will not verify the information provided by the Government. Neither Brokers nor Property I.D. make any representations or guarantees as to the timeliness or accuracy of the information supplied at this website.

MOLD NOTICE

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GENERAL NOTICES OF REQUIRED DISCLOSURES
(continued)

Mold is a kind of microscopic organism found nearly everywhere, indoors and outdoors, wherever moisture is present. Mold growing on surfaces can look like a stain, be fuzzy or slimy, in a variety of patterns. Typically, mold is white, gray, brown, or black, but can also be green, red, or other colors. To grow and reproduce, mold only needs moisture and organic matter, such as leaves, wood, paper, or even dust.

As organic matter is present in nearly any home, prospective purchasers are advised to thoroughly inspect the property for signs of mold, excessive moisture, water leaks, and evidence of previous water damage. Musty odors can be a sign of current or prior mold presence, and should mold be found, remediation should be completed. Without remediation, mold exposure can lead to a multitude of health problems, such as hay fever, asthma, and respiratory infections.

For more information on Mold and Moisture in the home, please see the government booklet "Mold in My Home: What Do I Do?", for which a link is included at the end of this report on the "Government Booklets, Handouts, and Safety Guides" page.

Note: Realtors and Property I.D. do not have the requisite expertise to determine the need for testing or cleanup of mold contamination and cannot verify the information provided about such contamination by others.

ABANDONED WELLS

The Department of Water Resources estimates that there are approximately 750,000 water wells scattered throughout the State of California - some of these wells are abandoned. Wells that have been abandoned pose a serious threat to the safety of humans, especially children, and to animals. Section 24400 of the California Health and Safety Code requires that abandoned excavations be fenced, covered, or filled. In addition, abandoned wells may act as conduits for the contamination of groundwater since inadequately constructed wells provide a physical connection between sources of pollution and useable water.

RADON NOTICE

Radon is a naturally occurring colorless, odorless radioactive gas formed by the natural disintegration of uranium in soil, rock and ground water as it radioactively transmutes to form stable lead.
Radon gas forms from the decay of radioactive elements at depth. Air pressure inside a building is usually lower than pressure in the soil around the building's foundation. Because of this difference in pressure, buildings can act like a vacuum, drawing radon in through foundation cracks and other openings. As cracks develop in rocks, radon gas can rise into the local ground water and may also be present in well water and can be released into the air in buildings when water is used for showering and other household uses. In most cases, radon entering a building through water is a small risk compared with radon entering a building from the soil. In a small number of homes, the building materials can give off radon, although building materials alone rarely cause radon problems. The Surgeon General has warned that radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer in the United States. Only smoking causes more lung cancer deaths. Smokers that live in homes with high radon levels, are at an especially high risk for developing lung cancer.

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) action level for indoor radon levels is 4 pCi/L, at which homes should be fixed. Even at lower levels Radon can still be dangerous, so the EPA recommends homeowners consider fixing their homes when the radon levels are between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L.

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GENERAL NOTICES OF REQUIRED DISCLOSURES
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The only way to determine radon levels for a specific property is by testing. For further information about radon testing and mitigation, contact the California Department of Public Health at https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CEH/DRSEM/Pages/EMB/Radon/Radon.aspx, The National Environmental Health Association (NEHA) at http://www.neha.org, and the National Environmental Radon Safety Board (NRSB) at http://www.nrsb.org.

WELL STIMULATION TREATMENTS NOTICE: HYDRAULIC FRACTURING

Hydraulic fracturing, (also known as hydrofracturing, "fracking", or "fracing") is the process of creating small cracks, or fractures, in underground geological formations to allow oil or natural gas to flow into the wellbore and thereby increase production. Prior to initiating hydraulic fracturing, engineers and geologists study and model the physical characteristics of the hydrocarbon bearing rock formations, including the formation permeability, porosity, and thickness. Using this information, the well operator designs the process to keep the resulting fractures within the target formation.

In order to regulate well stimulation treatments such as hyrdraulic fracturing, California Senate Bill 4 was signed into law on September 20, 2013. On December 30, 2014 the California Office of Administrative Law approved the formal rulemaking process for Well Stimulation Treatment Regulations, which went into effect on July 1, 2015. Senate Bill 4 regulates the entire process from permits to disclosure of chemicals used in fracturing process to closure of the well.

For further information on SB4, Well Stimulation Treatment Locations, and many other issues surrounding well stimulation in California, please see the Division of Oil, Gas & Geothermal Resources Well Stimulation Page at http://www.conservation.ca.gov/dog/Pages/WST.aspx.

CARBON MONOXIDE DEVICES

Pursuant to the Carbon Monoxide Poisoning Prevention Act of 2010, carbon monoxide detectors must be installed in every dwelling unit intended for human occupancy. Carbon monoxide is a gas produced when any fuel is burned, such as gas, oil, kerosene, wood, or charcoal. Because it is not possible to see, taste, or smell it, carbon monoxide can kill in minutes at high levels. Carbon monoxide detectors are similar to smoke detectors in that they will signal detection of carbon monoxide in the air. These carbon monoxide detectors should be installed outside of each separate sleeping area in the immediate vicinity of bedrooms, on every level including basements within which fuel fired appliances are installed, and in dwellings that have attached garages.

Links to additional information on carbon monoxide:

U.S. EPA, An Introduction to Indoor Air Quality (IAQ), Basic Information on Pollutants and Sources of Indoor Air Pollution, Carbon Monoxide**:** http://www.epa.gov/iaq/co.html

Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Carbon Monoxide Poisoning**:**

http://www.cdc.gov/co

American Lung Association, Carbon Monoxide Indoors:

http://www.lungusa.org/healthy-air/home/resources/carbon-monoxide-indoors.html

Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC), Carbon Monoxide Questions and Answers:

http://www.cpsc.gov/en/Safety-Education/Safety-Education-Centers/Carbon-Monoxide-Information-Center/Carbon-Monoxide-Questions-and-Answers-/

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GENERAL NOTICES OF REQUIRED DISCLOSURES
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NATURAL GAS AND HAZARDOUS LIQUID PIPELINES

NOTICE REGARDING GAS AND HAZARDOUS LIQUID TRANSMISSION PIPELINES

This notice is being provided simply to inform you that information about the general location of gas and hazardous liquid transmission pipelines is available to the public via the National Pipeline Mapping System (NPMS) Internet Web site maintained by the United States Department of Transportation at http://www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov/. To seek further information about possible transmission pipelines near the property, you may contact your local gas utility or other pipeline operators in the area, some of which are included below. Contact information for pipeline operators is searchable by ZIP Code and county on the NPMS Internet Web site.

SoCalGas Natural Gas Pipeline Maps:

https://www.socalgas.com/stay-safe/pipeline-and-storage-safety/natural-gas-pipeline-map

PG&E Gas Transmission Line Maps:

http://www.pge.com/en/safety/systemworks/gas/transmissionpipelines/index.page

SDG&E Natural Gas Pipeline Maps: http://regarchive.sdge.com/safety/naturalgas/map.shtml

This notice is made pursuant to Section 2079.10.5 to the California Civil Code which provides that upon delivery of this notice to the transferee of the real property, the seller or broker is not required to provide information in addition to that contained in this notice regarding gas and hazardous liquid transmission pipelines. The information in this notice shall be deemed to be adequate to inform the transferee about the existence of a statewide database of the locations of gas and hazardous liquid transmission pipelines and information from the database regarding those locations. Nothing in this section shall alter any existing duty under any other statute or decisional law imposed upon the seller or broker, including, but not limited to, the duties of a seller or broker under this article, or the duties of a seller or broker under Article 1.5 (commencing with Section 1102) of Chapter 2 of Title 4 of Part 4 of Division 2.

WATER CONSERVING PLUMBING FIXTURES

For All Real Estate Sales - Residential and Commercial: On and after January 1, 2017, a seller or transferor of single-family residential real property, multifamily residential real property, or commercial real property shall disclose to a purchaser or transferee, in writing, specified requirements for replacing plumbing fixtures, and whether the real property includes non-compliant plumbing fixtures.

For All Single Family Residences: On or before January 1, 2017, all non-compliant plumbing fixtures in any single-family residential real property shall be replaced by the property owner with water-conserving plumbing fixtures.

For Commercial and Multifamily Residences: On or before January 1, 2019, all non-compliant plumbing fixtures in multifamily residential real property and commercial real property, as defined, be replaced with water-conserving plumbing fixtures.

For Building Alterations - Single Family Residences: On and after January 1, 2014, for all building alterations or improvements to single-family residential real property, water-conserving plumbing fixtures shall replace other noncompliant plumbing fixtures as a condition for issuance of a certificate of final completion and occupancy or final permit approval by the local building department.

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GENERAL NOTICES OF REQUIRED DISCLOSURES
(continued)

For Building Alterations - Commercial and Multifamily Residences: On and after January 1, 2014, for specified building alterations or improvements to multifamily residential real property and commercial real property, water-conserving plumbing fixtures shall replace other non-compliant plumbing fixtures as a condition for issuance of a certificate of final completion and occupancy or final permit approval by the local building department.

California Civil Code Sections 1101.1 et seq.

NOTICE OF DUCT SEALING REQUIREMENTS

The California Energy Commission's ("CEC") duct sealing requirements, applicable to all climate zones in California per California Code of Regulations, Title 24, are in effect for all residential and non-residential properties. If a central air conditioner or furnace is installed or replaced, mandatory duct system sealing and leakage testing is required. Alterations and additions to ducted systems in existing buildings in all climate zones are also required to comply with applicable maximum leakage criteria. If significant leakage is found, repairs may be required to seal the ducts, with additional testing required to confirm the work was done properly. It is strongly recommended that all of this work be done by licensed contractors who should obtain all required permits. These current duct sealing requirements may impact a Seller's disclosure obligations and/or any negotiations between principals regarding replacing heating, ventilating and air conditions (HVAC) systems. These requirements may increase the costs associated with replacing or installing an HVAC system. For further information, visit:

https://www.energy.ca.gov/programs-and-topics/programs/building-energy-efficiency-standards/2019-building-energy-efficiency

14 SEER - Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio is the Federal Government's minimum standard efficiency rating in California for heating, ventilating, air conditioning, and heat pumps. The US Department of Energy requires central air conditioners and heat pumps to meet an efficiency rating of 14 SEER. For further information contact the California Energy Commission at 800-772-3300.

NOTICE OF ASSEMBLY BILL 1482: TENANT PROTECTION ACT OF 2019

As of January 1, 2020, the State of California has implemented AB 1482, a statewide tenancy and rent control law, requiring “just cause” to terminate a tenancy, and limiting annual rent increases.

Tenancy

This bill would, with certain exceptions, prohibit an owner from terminating a tenancy without just cause when the tenant has continuously and lawfully occupied the residential real property for 12 months. This bill would not apply to residential real property subject to a local ordinance requiring just cause for termination adopted on or before September 1, 2019, or to residential real property subject to a local ordinance requiring just cause for termination adopted or amended after September 1, 2019, that is more protective than these provisions. The bill would void any waiver of the rights under these provisions. The bill would repeal these provisions as of January 1, 2030.

Rent Increases

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GENERAL NOTICES OF REQUIRED DISCLOSURES
(continued)

This bill would prohibit an owner of residential real property from, over the course of any 12-month period, increasing the gross rental rate for a dwelling or unit more than 5% plus the percentage change in the cost of living, or 10%, whichever is lower, subject to specified conditions. The bill would prohibit an owner of a unit of residential real property from increasing the gross rental rate for the unit in more than 2 increments over a 12-month period, after the tenant remains in occupancy of the unit over a 12-month period. The bill would exempt certain properties from these provisions. The bill would void any waiver of the rights under these provisions.

Disclosure Requirement

Depending on the property type, property age, date of tenancy, ownership status, and other considerations, property owners must provide notification to tenants of the provisions of AB 1482, and their rights under the law. The text of these disclosures can be found in the text of the law.

Complete Text: AB 1482

CALIFORNIA WATERWAY SETBACK REQUIREMENTS

Creeks and streams are valuable resources providing pollutant removal, drainage, flood control, and necessary riparian habitats important to several species of plants and animals. With the numerous benefits provided by healthy waterways, regulating development near streams and other waterways in order to reduce the environmental impact has become an important part of watershed management throughout the state.

While the State of California provides its own set of regulations regarding development near streams and other protected waterways, several cities and counties have added their own stream protection ordinances to the local general plan or municipal code. It is important to check with your local regulatory agency to see what types of rules and regulations your property may be subject to regarding development, expansion, or even land use in relation to streams and other watershed features on or near your property.

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COMMERCIAL PROPERTY EARTHQUAKE SAFETY GUIDE

FOR

COMMERCIAL PROPERTIES IN CALIFORNIA

The booklets listed below are prepared by governmental entities and are provided as links in the body of the original email sent by Property I.D. when delivering the report electronically, and as a printed booklet when a hardcopy report delivery is requested with the your NHD order. The booklets contain important information about various topics including radon, mold, lead hazards, environmental hazards, earthquake safety, and energy conservation. You can obtain another copy of these important booklets for free by clicking on the links below, or by going to https://propertyid.com/downloads.

California Homeowner's Guide to Earthquake Safety (© 2022)
https://ssc.ca.gov/wp-content/uploads/sites/9/2022/09/FINAL-Approved-Commercial-Property-Owners-Guide-to-Earthquake-Safety-2022.pdf

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NATURAL HAZARD DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

18056 WIKA RD, APPLE VALLEY, CA 92307
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY | APN: 0473-462-09-0000
REPORT #: 3804322 | REPORT DATE: 11/16/2021

This statement applies to the following property: 18056 WIKA RD APPLE VALLEY, CA 92307; SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY; APN: 0473-462-09-0000 Date: 11/10/2022

This disclosure statement is intended to be a part of the
☐ AIR STANDARD OFFER AGREEMENT AND ESCROW INSTRUCTIONS FOR PURCHASE OF REAL ESTATE or

☐ _____ (the "Purchase Agreement") dated _____,

wherein _____ is the Seller and _____ is the Buyer.

Note: This disclosure statement is not designed nor intended to be used in place of the AIR standard Property Information Sheet.

THIS REAL PROPERTY LIES WITHIN THE FOLLOWING HAZARDOUS AREA(S):

A SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA (Any type Zone "A" or "V") designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. Refer to Report.
Yes __ No _X_ Do not know and information not available from local jurisdiction ___

AN AREA OF POTENTIAL FLOODING SHOWN ON A DAM FAILURE INUNDATION MAP pursuant to Section 8589.5 of the Government Code. Refer to Report.
Yes ___ No _X__ Do not know and information not available from local jurisdiction ___

A VERY HIGH FIRE HAZARD SEVERITY ZONE pursuant to Section 51178 or 51179 of the Government Code. The owner of this property is subject to the maintenance requirements of Section 51182 of the Government Code. Refer to Report.
Yes ___ No _X__

A WILDLAND AREA THAT MAY CONTAIN SUBSTANTIAL FOREST FIRE RISKS AND HAZARDS pursuant to Section 4125 of the Public Resources Code. The owner of this property is subject to the maintenance requirements of Section 4291 of the Public Resources Code. Additionally, it is not the state's responsibility to provide fire protection services to any building or structure located within the wildlands unless the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection has entered into a cooperative agreement with a local agency for those purposes pursuant to Section 4142 of the Public Resources Code. Refer to Report.
Yes ___ No _X__

AN EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONE pursuant to Section 2622 of the Public Resources Code. Refer to Report.
Yes ___ No _X__

A SEISMIC HAZARD ZONE pursuant to Section 2696 of the Public Resources Code. Refer to Report.
Yes (Landslide Zone) ___ Yes (Liquefaction Zone) ___ No ___ Map not yet released by state _X__

The items listed below indicate additional statutory disclosures and legal information that are provided in the report.

- Additional Reports that are enclosed herein if ordered:
  (A) ENVIRONMENTAL RISK REPORT (Enclosed if ordered)
- Additional Statutory Disclosures:
  (A) INDUSTRIAL USE ZONE DETERMINATION (where available) (B) MILITARY ORDNANCE FACILITIES pursuant to California Civil Code Sections 1102.15 and 1940.7. (C) MELLO-ROOS & SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS pursuant to Section 53311-53365.7 / 53754 of the California Government Code; Refer to Report.
- Additional Local Jurisdiction Hazards - May include the following:
  Airports, Airport Influence Area, Avalanche, Coastal Protection, Conservation Areas, Critical Habitats, Dam Failure Inundation, Duct Sealing Requirements, Erosion, Fault Zone, Fire, Groundwater, Sea Level Rise, Landslide, Liquefaction, Methane Gas, Mines, Naturally Occurring Asbestos, Oil and Gas Well Proximity, Petrochemical Contamination, Property Taxes, Radon, Right to Farm, Soil Stability, Tsunami, Williamson Act, Wind Erosion. Refer to Report.
- General Notices:
  Methamphetamine Contamination, Megan's Law – Sex Offender Database, Mold, Abandoned Wells. Carbon Monoxide Devices, Natural Gas and Hazardous Liquid Pipelines, Water Conserving Plumbing Fixtures, Notice of Supplemental Property Tax Bill, AB 38 Notice, CALFIRE Defensible Space, CALFIRE Low Cost Retrofit List, SGMA Groundwater Basin Priority, Historical Significance Notice. Refer to Report.
- Governmental Guides are delivered with printed reports and linked on electronically delivered reports (also available at https://propertyid.com/downloads)
  (A) COMMERCIAL PROPERTY OWNER'S GUIDE TO EARTHQUAKE SAFETY pursuant to California Business and Professions Code Section 10147. Refer to Report.

The above disclosure statement, legal, and government information do not substitute any inspections or warranties the principal(s) may wish to obtain. No representation or recommendation is made by any broker as to the legal sufficiency, legal effect, or consequences of this document, or the purchase agreement to which it relates. The representations made in this Natural Hazard Disclosure Statement do not constitute all of the seller's or agent's disclosure obligations in this transaction.

This Report contains the Mandatory Commercial Natural Hazard Disclosure Report. The Environmental Risk Report is only enclosed if it has been ordered. To order the Environmental Risk Report, please contact Property I.D. Customer Service at 800-626-0106.

Signature of Seller(s) _____ Date_____
Print Name _____

Signature of Seller(s) _____ Date_____
Print Name _____

Signature of Buyer(s) _____ Date_____
Print Name _____

Signature of Buyer(s) _____ Date_____
Print Name _____

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Commercial Property Earthquake Risk Disclosure Report

(2022 Edition)

Name _____ APN 0473-462-09-0000

Street Address 18056 WIKA RD Year Built _____

City APPLE VALLEY County SAN Zip Code 92307

Answer these questions to the best of your knowledge. If any of questions 1–7 are answered "No," or if either question 8 or 9 is answered "Yes," your property is likely to have an elevated/disclosable earthquake risk. If you do not have actual knowledge as to whether these risks exist, answer "Don't Know." Questions answered "Don't Know" may indicate a need for further evaluation. If your property does not have the feature, answer "Doesn't Apply." If you corrected one or more of these risks, describe the work on a separate page. The page numbers in the right-hand column indicate where in this guide you can find information on each of these features.

		Yes	No	Doesn't Apply	Don't Know	See Page
1.	Are water heater(s) braced, strapped, or anchored to resist falling during an earthquake?	☐	☐	☐	☐	14
2.	If the building has precast (tilt-up) concrete or masonry walls (reinforced or unreinforced) with wood-frame floors or roof: Are walls adequately anchored to floors and roofs?	☐	☐	☐	☐	15
3.	If building walls are of unreinforced masonry:					
	a. Are these walls and parapets strengthened?	☐	☐	☐	☐	16
	b. If load-bearing walls have not been strengthened, and the building is in Seismic Zone 4: Have warning signs been posted?	☐	☐	☐	☐	17
4.	If the building is a pre-1980 concrete building: Do walls or columns have adequate steel reinforcement?	☐	☐	☐	☐	18
5.	If the building is a pre-1995 building with steel-moment framing: Has it been inspected for fractures in welds in or near steel connections?	☐	☐	☐	☐	19
6.	If the building has a soft- or weak-story or open-front design: Has it been adequately strengthened?	☐	☐	☐	☐	20
7.	Is exterior cladding and signage adequately anchored?	☐	☐	☐	☐	21

A "Yes" answer on Questions 8 and/or 9 could indicate that the property is in a location prone to earthquake damage. More information is available at ***www.conservation.ca.gov/cgs/geohazards/eq-zapp.***

8.	Is the building in an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone (an area prone to fault rupture)?	☐	☐		☐	6
9.	Is the building in a Seismic Hazard Zone (zone identified as susceptible to liquefaction or landslides)?	☐	☐		☐	6

As seller of the property described herein, I have answered the questions above to the best of my knowledge in an effort to disclose fully any potential earthquake risks it may have.

EXECUTED BY

Seller _____ Seller _____ Date _____

I acknowledge receipt of this Disclosure Report, completed and signed by the seller. I understand that if the seller has answered "No" to one or more questions 1–7 or "Yes" to question 8 or 9, or if the seller has indicated a lack of knowledge, there may be one or more earthquake risks that could impact this property.

Buyer _____ Buyer _____ Date _____

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY
Federal Emergency Management Agency

STANDARD FLOOD HAZARD DETERMINATION FORM (SFHDF)

SECTION I - LOAN INFORMATION

1. LENDER/SERVICER NAME AND ADDRESS	2. COLLATERAL DESCRIPTION (Building/Mobile Home/Property) (See instructions for more information.) 18056 WIKA RD APPLE VALLEY, CA 92307 APN: 0473-462-09-0000 SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

3. LENDER/SERVICER ID #	4. LOAN IDENTIFIER	5. AMOUNT OF FLOOD INSURANCE REQUIRED

SECTION II

A. NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP) COMMUNITY JURISDICTION

1. NFIP Community Name	2. County(ies)	3. State	4. NFIP Community Number
TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY	SAN BERNARDINO	CA	060752

B. NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM (NFIP) DATA AFFECTING BUILDING/MOBILE

1. NFIP Map Number or Community-Panel Number (Community name, if not the same as "A")	2. NFIP Map Panel Effective / Revised Date	3. Is there a Letter of Map Change (LOMC)?
06071C5820J	09/02/2016	☑ NO ○ YES (if yes, enter date and case no. below.)
4. Flood Zone X (NOT AN SFHA)	5. No NFIP Map	Date Case No.

C. FEDERAL FLOOD INSURANCE AVAILABILITY (Check all that apply.)

1. ☑ Federal Flood Insurance is available (community participates in the NFIP). ☑ Regular Program ☐ Emergency Program of NFIP
2. ☐ Federal Flood Insurance is not available (community participates in the NFIP).
3. ☐ Building/Mobile Home is in a Coastal Barrier Resources Area (CBRA) or Otherwise Protected Area (OPA). Federal Flood Insurance may not be available.

CBRA/OPA Designation Date: _____

D. DETERMINATION

IS BUILDING/MOBILE HOME IN SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA (ZONES CONTAINING THE LETTERS "A" OR "V")? ☐ YES ☑ NO

If yes, flood insurance is required by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973.
If no, flood insurance is not required by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973. Please note, the risk of flooding in this area is only reduced, not removed.

This determination is based on examining the NFIP map, any Federal Emergency Management Agency revisions to it, and any other information needed to locate the building /mobile home on the NFIP map.

E. COMMENTS (Optional)

THE PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED IN A SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA (SFHA).
IT IS IN ZONE X (NOT AN SFHA), BUT IS LOCATED WITHIN 300 FEET OF ZONE AE (AN SFHA).

F. PREPARER'S INFORMATION

NAME, ADDRESS, TELEPHONE NUMBER (If other than Lender)	DATE OF DETERMINATION
Property I.D. 1001 Wilshire Blvd. Los Angeles, CA 90017 800-626-0106	11/10/2022 OrderID: 3804322

FLOODPLAIN MANAGER PROPERTY ID CERTIFIED

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

The Property I.D. MAX Report (Report) is subject to each of the following Terms and Conditions. Each Recipient (as that term is defined below) of the Report hereby acknowledges and agrees that the Report is subject to the following Terms and Conditions, and each Recipient agrees to be bound by such Terms and Conditions. Use of this Report by any Recipient constitutes acceptance of the Terms and Conditions to the Report. The Terms and Conditions below are hereby incorporated by this reference into the Report. This Report is not an insurance policy.

The following persons or entities, if any, are deemed "Recipients" of this Report: (1) the seller of the real property that is the subject of the specific transaction for which this Report was issued; (2) that seller's agent and broker; (3) the buyer of the real property that is the subject of the specific transaction for which this Report was issued; (4) that buyer's agent and broker; (5) Transaction Coordinator; and (6) the escrow officer and escrow company handling the specific transaction for which this Report was issued. This Report is for the exclusive use of the Recipients. No person or entity, other than the Recipients, shall be entitled to use or rely on the Report. This Report may not be used, referred to, or relied upon by any person or entity other than the Recipients. No person or entity, other than the Recipients, shall be deemed, treated, or considered to be a beneficiary (intended or otherwise) of this Report. If any Recipients do not intend to be bound by the terms, conditions, limitations, and disclaimers in this Report, or if any of them otherwise determine this Report is unacceptable, Recipients should immediately cancel this Report by emailing their cancellation of this Report to: orders@propertyid.com. Recipients are obligated to make disclosures that are within their actual knowledge.

This Report has been issued in connection with a particular transaction for the sale of the real property described in the Report. The Report may only be used in connection with that particular transaction. If an escrow number has been provided to Property I.D., then this Report may only be used in connection with that particular escrow. The Report may not be used for any other transaction or escrow.

The Report may not be used, for any purpose, if the Recipients have not paid for the Report.

This Report is made for the real property specifically described in the Report (the "Subject Property"). The Subject Property shall not include any property beyond the boundaries of the real property described in the Report. The Subject Property shall not include any structures (whether located on the Subject Property, or not), easements, or any right, title, interest, estate, or easement in any abutting streets, roads, alleys, lanes, ways, or waterways.
No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by this Report concerning the right, entitlement, or ability to develop or improve the Subject Property. Property I.D. has no information concerning whether the Subject Property can be developed or improved. Property I.D. expresses no opinion or view, and assumes no responsibility, with respect to the development or improvement of the Subject Property.

No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by this Report as to title to the Subject Property. No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by this Report concerning whether the Subject Property is comprised of legal lots in conformance with the California Subdivision Map Act or local ordinances.
No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by this Report concerning architectural, structural, mechanical, engineering, or legal matters. No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by this Report concerning structures or soils on or outside of the Subject Property, including, without limitation, habitability of structures or the Subject Property, suitability of the Subject Property for construction or improvement, potential for soil settlement, drainage, soil subsidence, or other soil or site conditions. No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by this Report concerning the marketability or value of the Subject Property. Property I.D. has not conducted any testing of the Subject Property. Property I.D. has not conducted any physical or visual examination or inspection of the Subject Property. This Report is not a substitute for a physical or visual examination or inspection of the Subject Property. If detailed on-site information regarding geologic, environmental, engineering, planning, or other professional studies is desired, Property I.D. recommends that an appropriate qualified professional consultant be retained.

No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by this Report concerning the existence of hazardous or toxic materials or substances, or any other defects, on or under the Subject Property, unless specifically described in the Report.
No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by this Report concerning any condition of the Subject Property, unless that condition is specifically described in the Report. The Report is intended to address only those matters expressly described in the text of the Report. The Report is not intended to address any matter (either expressly or impliedly) not specifically described in the text of the Report.

This Report is issued as of the date identified in the Report. Property I.D. shall have no obligation to advise any Recipient of any information learned or obtained after the date of the Report even if such information would modify or otherwise affect the Report. Subsequent to Property I.D.'s acquisition of Government Records, changes may be made to said Government Records and Property I.D. is not responsible for advising the Recipients of any changes. Property I.D. will update this Report upon request and at no charge during the transaction process for which this Report was issued, but not to exceed one year from the date of the Report. Likewise, Property I.D. is not liable for any impact on the Subject Property that any change to the Government Records may have.

No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by this Report concerning the need to purchase earthquake, fire, or flood insurance, or any other insurance, for the Subject Property. In preparing the Report, Property I.D. has accurately reported on information contained in Government Records. Property I.D. has reviewed and relied upon those Government Records specifically identified and described in the Report. Property I.D. has not reviewed or relied upon any Government Records that are not specifically identified in the Report. Property I.D. also has not reviewed any parcel maps, plat maps, survey maps, surveyor maps, assessor maps, assessor parcel maps, developer maps, or engineering maps, whether or not such maps have been recorded. No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by the Report concerning any matters identified in Government Records that were not reviewed by Property I.D. If any Recipient has a question concerning the specific Government Records reviewed (or not reviewed) by Property I.D., then the Recipients should contact Property I.D.'s Customer Service Department at (800) 920-5603.

Mapped hazard zones may represent generalized hazard information. If the questionable edge of a hazard zone impacts any portion of the Property, the report will reflect that the Property is "IN" the zone. If the Subject Property shares a common area with other properties (examples include condominiums, planned developments, town homes, and mobile homes) and any portion of the common area of the complex in which the Subject Property is located is situated in the specified hazard zone, due to the quality and availability of the parcel boundary information supplied by the county, "IN" may be reported even if the property/unit/lot that is the subject of this report is itself not in the specified hazard zone. If the county's parcel boundaries include only the individual unit's boundaries and do not include common areas for which property owners may also be responsible, hazards that exist only in the common areas may not be reported as "IN". When found in the hazard determination the terms "zone", "area", or "mapped" are words strictly defined as geographic locations delineated by specific boundaries identified in the maps and/or data prepared by the applicable governmental agency.

Property I.D. has relied upon the Government Records specifically identified in the Report without conducting an independent investigation of their accuracy. Property I.D. assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of the Government Records identified in the Report.

To the extent that any Recipient has provided information to Property I.D. (including, without limitation, a legal description of the Subject Property), Property I.D. has relied upon that information in preparing this Report. Property I.D. has not conducted an independent investigation of the accuracy of the information provided by the Recipient. Property I.D. assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of information provided by the Recipient. Property I.D. shall be subrogated to all rights of any claiming party against anyone including, but not limited to, another party who had actual knowledge of a matter and failed to disclose it to the Recipients in writing prior to the close of escrow.

Except as specifically described in the Report, Property I.D. makes no warranty or representation of any kind, express or implied, with respect to the Report. Property I.D. expressly disclaims and excludes any and all other express and implied warranties, including, without limitation, warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose.
Property I.D. shall have no responsibility, or liability, for any lost profits, consequential damages, special damages, indirect damages, or incidental damages allegedly suffered as a result of the use of, or reliance on, the Report.

The Report shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of California.

This Report constitutes the entire, integrated agreement between Property I.D. and Recipients, and supersedes and replaces all prior statements, representations, negotiations, and agreements.

If any provision of the Terms and Conditions to this Report is determined to be invalid or unenforceable for any reason, then such provision shall be treated as severed from the remainder of the Terms and Conditions, and shall not affect the validity and enforceability of all of the other provisions of the Terms and Conditions.

Any dispute, controversy, or claim arising out of, or relating in any way, to the Report, shall be resolved by binding arbitration in Los Angeles, California, in accordance with the arbitration rules of the Judicial Arbitration and Mediation Service ("JAMS"). You hereby agree that, by agreeing to binding arbitration, you are waiving the right to a trial by jury and you are waiving the right to participate in a class action. The prevailing party in the arbitration shall be entitled to its attorneys' fees and costs, including, without limitation, the fees of the arbitrator.

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